

North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services Division of Medical Assistance

Pat McCrory Governor Aldona Z. Wos, M.D. Ambassador (Ret.) Secretary DHHS

Dave Richard Deputy Secretary for Medical Assistance

June 23, 2015

Dear County Director of Social Services:

Subject: Haitian Family Reunification Parole Program

On December 18, 2014, the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) created the Haitian Family Reunification Parole Program (HFRP). The purpose of this program is to promote family unity and to support Haiti's reconstruction and development.

Certain United States Citizens or Legal Permanent Residents (LPR) who have filed a Petition for Alien Relative (I-130) for a Haitian family member to receive an immigrant visa will receive invitations to apply for the program. Invitations were issued beginning March 2015.

This petition is offered to principal beneficiaries and derivative beneficiaries. The principal beneficiary is the relative for whom the petitioner filed. The derivative beneficiaries are the spouses and unmarried children under age 21 of the principal beneficiary.

Once paroled to the United States, the beneficiary and derivative beneficiaries meet the definition of Cuban/Haitian entrants under section 50l (e) (1) of the Refugee Education and Assistance Act of I 980, as amended. The beneficiary and derivative beneficiaries will be issued an electronic I-94 at port of entry. These beneficiaries are "Qualified Aliens" for purposes of Medicaid eligibility. Follow MA-2504 and MA-3330, Alien Requirements to determine eligibility.

Parole allows an individual to be lawfully present in the United States and to apply for work authorization. Once in the United States, these beneficiaries are expected to apply for lawful permanent resident status as soon as their immigrant visa becomes available-generally within two years of being paroled into the United States.

Sincerely,

Dave Richard

DR/pc