NC MEDICAID

Managed Care Billing Guidance to Health Plans

Revision 31.0

Contents

2 MEDICAID MANAGED CARE BILLING GUIDANCE

The Department's Managed Care Billing Guidance to health plans is designed to:

- Supplement clinical coverage policies and Medicaid provider bulletins,
- Reduce provider administrative burden,
- Ensure consistency in provider billing practices for key Medicaid services, and
- Allow for accurate and complete NC Medicaid and Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) reporting.

The billing guide references requirements to adhere to NC Medicaid Direct clinical coverage policies which reference to NCTracks or GDIT (the Department's fiscal agent). Unless specifically noted within this billing guide, the health plan should not interpret this requirement as requiring the health plan or provider to submit information through NCTracks, but rather to provide direction for how providers should submit to the health plan claims platform. Any reference to adhere to an NC Medicaid Direct clinical coverage policy does not alleviate the health plan's responsibility to accept and adjudicate all NC Medicaid Managed Care claims for their enrolled members.

The billing guidance may be updated by the Department to include additional requirements based on feedback from health plans, providers, or other stakeholders.

Health plans should refer to and comply with the health plan contract for billing requirements.

3 IMPACTED SERVICE AREAS

3.0 Abortions

The health plan shall require providers to complete and submit the Abortion Statement outlined in Clinical Coverage Policy 1E-2 Attachment C of the policy to the health plan (NC Medicaid: Obstetrics and Gynecology Clinical Coverage Policies (ncdhhs.gov)) and maintain records of completed consent form consistent with the health plan contract and federal statute. The health plan shall not pay claims for this service without (1) receipt of the form from the provider, and (2) review and validation of the form by the health plan.

3.1 Autism screenings

Providers must perform routine screening for Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD) at 18 and 24 months of age. An ASD screen may be administered at a "catch-up" visit if the 18- or 24-month visit was missed. Providers may screen for developmental risk for ASD at ages greater than 30 months when the provider or caregiver has concerns about the child. The structured screening tool should be validated for the child's chronological age.

The health plan shall require providers to use CPT Code 96110 and EP modifier when conducting a general developmental or an ASD screen. Additional information on developmental screening can be found in the Health Check Program Guide.

3.2 Care Management Payments

In addition to the payment for services provided, the health plan shall pay each Tier 3 Advanced Medical Home (AMH) practice a care management fee as described in Section V.D.4.p. of the Revised and Restated Health Plan Contract. The health plan shall pay each Tier 3 AMH a care management fee on a per member per month (PMPM) basis without requiring the AMH to bill for the care management fee.

3.3 Child Medical Evaluation and Medical Team Conference for Child Maltreatment (CMEP)

When a child is referred for an exam for suspected maltreatment by the child welfare agency, the Health Plan shall require the rostered CMEP providers to follow the Child Medicaid Evaluation (CME) and Medical Team Conference for Child Maltreatment Policy and bill according to 1A-5 Attachment A., i.e., requiring the CME claim be submitted with the Child Medical Evaluation Checklist (Attachment B). The Health Plan shall reimburse both in-network and out-of-network providers for the service consistent with the requirements of Session Law 2017-57 and the resulting June 2017 Joint Conference Committee report.

Additionally, health plans shall not require providers to enroll in the health plan's network to provide this service to their members. Once a CME claim is received, the health plan can confirm that the submitted checklist was signed off by someone within the CMEP program; a list of the CMEP staff who can sign the CME form is maintained on the CME website.

For coverage and claims processing guidance please refer to the UNC School of Medicine Pediatrics Reimbursement for CMEs webpage.

3.3.1 Law Enforcement Referred CME Claims

Clinical Policy 1A-5 should not be referenced for law enforcement cases. There are no specific requirements for CME claims referred through law enforcement. These claims should be processed as any other claim for services rendered.

3.4 Special Pricing

3.4.1 Durable Medical Equipment (DME) Miscellaneous Codes

When reporting claims for Durable Medical Equipment, Prosthetics, Orthotics, and Supplies (DME/POS) Miscellaneous services, health plans shall direct providers to submit both the National DME Miscellaneous and corresponding Local W Codes based on the chart below. When both codes represent miscellaneous services, e.g. E1399 and W4047, a description of the product/service must also be included. As with all claims processed by the health plan, these claims must be reported to the Encounter Processing System. For direction on how to include these codes on the Health Plan encounter record, please see the Encounter Data Submission Guide. If the encounter is submitted without a valid combination, the health plan will be required to correct the claim and resubmit the encounter.

National	Description	Local	Local Description
E1399	Durable medical equipment, miscellaneous	W4001	CO/2 SATURATION MONITOR WITH ACCESSORIES, PROBES
E1399	Durable medical equipment, miscellaneous	W4002	MANUAL VENTILATION BAG (e.g. AMBU BAG)
K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4005	UNLISTED REPLACEMENT OR REPAIR PARTS
E1399	Durable medical equipment, miscellaneous	W4016	BATH SEAT, PEDIATRIC (e.g. TLC)
E1399	Durable medical equipment, miscellaneous	W4047	MISCELLANEOUS FOR DME
K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4117	WHEELCHAIR SEAT WIDTH, GREATER THAN 27"
K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4118	WHEELCHAIR SEAT DEPTH, GREATER THAN 25"
K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4119	WHEELCHAIR SEAT HEIGHT, COST ADDED OPTION FROM MANUFACTURER
E1399	Durable medical equipment, miscellaneous	W4120	DISPOSABLE BAGS FOR INSPIREASE INHALER SYSTEM, set of 3,
K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4130	CONTOURED OR 3-PIECE HEAD/NECK SUPPORTS WITH HARDWARE, EACH
K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4131	BASIC HEAD/NECK SUPPORT WITH HARDWARE, EACH
K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4132	CONTOURED OR 3-PIECE HEAD/NECK SUPPORT WITH MULTI-ADJUSTABLE HARDWARE, EACH

K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4133	BASIC HEAD/NECK SUPPORT WITH MULTI-ADJUSTABLE HARDWARE, EACH
K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4139	SUB-ASIS BARS WITH HARDWARE, EACH
K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4140	ABDUCTOR PADS WITH HARDWARE, PAIR
K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4141	KNEE BLOCKS WITH HARDWARE, PAIR
K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4143	SHOE HOLDERS WITH HARDWARE, PAIR
K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4144	FOOT/LEGREST CRADLE, EACH
K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4145	MANUAL TILT-IN-SPACE OPTION, EACH
K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4150	MULTI-ADJUSTABLE TRAY, EACH
K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4152	GROWTH KIT, EACH
E1399	Durable medical equipment, miscellaneous	W4153	TRACHEOSTOMY TIES, TWILL, EACH
K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4155	ADDUCTOR PADS WITH HARDWARE, PAIR
B9998	NOC for enteral supplies	W4211	LOW PROFILE GASTROSTOMY EXTENSION/REPLACEMENT KIT FOR CONTINUOUS FEEDING, EACH
B9998	NOC for enteral supplies	W4212	LOW PROFILE GASTROSTOMY EXTENSION/REPLACEMENT KIT FOR BOLUS FEEDING, EACH
E1399	Durable medical equipment, miscellaneous	W4670	STERILE SALINE, 3 CC VIAL, EACH
E1399	Durable medical equipment, miscellaneous	W4678	REPLACEMENT BATTERY FOR PORTABLE SUCTION PUMP ADAPTIC AND TRANSPARENT TYPE SUCH AS TEGADERM OR OPSITE for use with external insulin pump, EACH
E1399	Durable medical equipment, miscellaneous	W4688	SINGLE POINT CANE FOR WEIGHTS 251# TO 500#
E1399	Durable medical equipment, miscellaneous	W4689	
E1399	Durable medical equipment, miscellaneous	W4690	UNDERARM CRUTCHES FOR WEIGHTS 251# TO 500#
E1399	Durable medical equipment, miscellaneous	W4691	FIXED-HEIGHT FOREARM CRUTCHES FOR WEIGHTS TO 600#
E1399	Durable medical equipment, miscellaneous	W4695	GLIDES/SKIS FOR USE WITH WALKER

K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4713	OVERSIZED FOOTPLATES FOR WEIGHTS 301# AND GREATER, PAIR
K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4714	SWINGAWAY SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION FOOTRESTS FOR WEIGHTS 401# AND GREATER, PAIR
K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4715	SWINGAWAY REINFORCED LEGREST, ELEVATING, FOR WEIGHTS 301# TO 400#, PAIR
K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4716	SWINGAWAY SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION LEGRESTS, ELEVATING, FOR WEIGHTS 401# AND GREATER, PAIR
K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4717	OVERSIZED CALF PADS, PAIR
K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4718	OVERSIZED SOLID SEAT
K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4719	OVERSIZED SOLID BACK
K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4722	OVERSIZED FULL SUPPORT FOOTBOARD
K0108	Wheelchair component or accessory, not otherwise specified	W4723	OVERSIZED FULL SUPPORT CALFBOARD
E1399	Durable medical equipment, miscellaneous	W4733	REPLACEMENT OVERSIZED INNERSPRING MATTRESS FOR HOSPITAL BED W/ WIDTH TO 39"

3.4.2 DME Manual Pricing Rules

Rules for DME manual pricing can be found in the 2017 May Medicaid bulletin on page 16. Questions about DME manual pricing should be directed to the Medicaid Contact Center at 888-245-0179 or Medicaid.DMErequest@dhhs.nc.gov.

3.4.3 Unlisted CPT Codes:

The health plan shall require providers to bill the CPT that most accurately describes the service or procedure provided. If such a code does not exist, the provider should bill with the unlisted CPT from the appropriate section of the CPT book. The health plan shall direct providers to follow the instructions for submission of these codes as described in the current CPT manual, published by the American Medical Association.

3.4.4 Multiple Procedure Code Reductions

Professional Claim Multiple Procedure Code Reductions: Information about the use of the CPT, HCPCS, and ICD-10 books for the choice of correct codes and modifiers for professional claims is included in Attachment A of NC Medicaid Clinical Coverage Policies. Modifier 51 is used to indicate a procedure performed in addition to the primary procedure. There are CPT codes that can be billed without modifier 51. These codes are published in Appendix E of CPT book published annually by the AMA. Modifiers are defined, along with information about usage, in Appendix A of the CPT book.

Institutional Claim Multiple Procedure Code Reductions: The hospital base rates do not assume that multiple procedure reductions for inpatient and outpatient services occur. Applying multiple procedure reductions for inpatient or outpatient facility services would be in violation of the rate floor requirements in Section 11.4.1 of the Contract.

3.5 Dental Operating Room Facility Services

3.5.1 Claims Submission for Ambulatory Surgical Centers (ASC)

Health plans are expected to process claims for Dental Operating Room Facility Services billed by an Ambulatory Surgical Center according to the details outlined in the Ambulatory Surgical Center Fee Schedule located on the DHB Fee Schedule and Covered Code Portal

Field	Information Submitted
Claim Type	Professional CMS-1500 Claim
Place of service	"24" for the Ambulatory Surgical Center
Procedure Codes	HCPCS code G0330 (Facility services for dental rehabilitation procedure(s) performed on a patient who requires monitored anesthesia (e.g., general, intravenous sedation (monitored anesthesia care) and use of an operating room).
Modifier	SG
Units	**Effective Jan. 1, 2024 – Current:** Only "1" unit should be submitted on detail line 1 of the claim as the total number of units. *These claims are reimbursed using the fee schedule flat rate. **Effective Oct. 4, 2023 – Dec. 31, 2023:** The total operating room time on detail line 1 of the claim (1 unit = 1 minute). *(Inclusion of this data on the claim is for informational purposes only)* *These claims are reimbursed using the fee schedule flat rate. **Effective Jan. 1, 2023 - Oct. 4, 2023:** The total operating room time on detail line 1 of the claim (1 unit = 1 minute). *These claims are reimbursed based on total time for the service using fee schedule rate groups.
Fee	All charges are indicated on detail line 1 of the claim

These claims are reimbursed based on the Ambulatory Surgical Center Dental Fee Schedule located on the DHB Fee Schedule and Covered Code Website.

3.5.2 Claims Submission for Hospital Dental Treatment

If a Medicaid beneficiary covered under Managed Care is seen in a hospital setting for dental treatment, the following three claims are generated:

1. **Dentist (ADA Claim Form)** These services are carved out of Managed Care and processed in the NCTracks system and submitted on the Dental ADA claim.
2. **Anesthesiologist (CMS 1500 Claim Form**) services are covered under managed care. Claims are processed by the health plan and submitted on a Professional CMS-1500 claim.

3. **Hospital (Institutional UB Claim Form)** facility services are covered under managed care. Claims are processed by the health plan and submitted on an Institutional UB claim.

Example of a Hospital Claim for Dental Facility Charges:

Field	Information Submitted
Claim Type	Institutional UB-04 837-I
Revenue Code	As appropriate for a dental operating room case (eg. 0360 – OR services general)
Procedure Code	As appropriate for a dental operating room case (eg. 41899 – dental surgical procedure)

Reimbursement: pricing determined by ratio of cost to charge (RCC)

3.5.3 Billing for Anesthesia Services in an Ambulatory Surgical Center for Dental Surgeries

Anesthesiologists and certified registered nurse anesthetists (CRNAs) bill for anesthesia services rendered in ambulatory surgical centers using a CMS-1500 claim form. Claims are paid based on total anesthesia time.

Anesthesia time begins when the anesthesiology provider prepares the beneficiary for induction of anesthesia and ends when the beneficiary can be placed under postoperative supervision and the anesthesiology provider is no longer in personal attendance.

Providers must complete the CMS-1500 claim form as follows:

a. Enter a dental ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes in block 21.
b. Enter place of service code "24" for the ambulatory surgical center in block 24B.
c. Enter CPT anesthesia code "00170" (anesthesia for intraoral procedures, including biopsy; not otherwise specified) in block 24D.
d. Enter one of the following modifiers in block 24D:
   QX—Services performed by CRNA with medical direction by a physician
   QZ—Services performed by CRNA without medical direction by a physician
   QY—Medical direction of one CRNA by an anesthesiologist
   QK—Medical direction of 2, 3, or 4 concurrent anesthesia procedures involving qualified individuals
   AA—Anesthesia services performed personally by anesthesiologist
   QS—Monitored anesthesia care service (must be billed along with one of the modifiers listed above)
e. Enter total anesthesia time in minutes in block 24G on the claim form

3.6 Adjudicating Claims Based on Codes Submitted

It is the Department's expectation that health plans shall not change any data element that comes in on a claim during pre- and post-adjudication reviews. NC Medicaid requires that claims are adjudicated and paid based on codes submitted by the provider on the claim. The codes submitted by the provider to the health plans are chosen based on medical record clinical documentation of the member's presenting

condition as well as services received. Processing claims based on codes that were not submitted may be in violation of rate floors.

3.6.1 Federal Guidance on Emergency Conditions

The term "emergency medical condition" means—

A. a medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity (including severe pain) such that the absence of immediate medical attention could reasonably be expected to result in—

i. placing the health of the individual (or, with respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn child) in serious jeopardy,

ii. serious impairment to bodily functions, or

iii. serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part; or

iv. with respect to a pregnant woman who is having contractions—

a. that there is inadequate time to affect a safe transfer to another hospital before delivery, or

b. that transfer may pose a threat to the health or safety of the woman or the unborn child. 42 USC § 1395dd(e)(1)

Further, the Department notes the following the guidance on this subject provided in the Federal Register:

As stated in 42 CFR 438.114: The Health Plan "may not limit what constitutes an emergency medical condition…on the basis of lists of diagnoses or symptoms"

"While this standard encompasses clinical emergencies, it also clearly requires managed care plans and states to base coverage decisions for emergency services on the apparent severity of the symptoms at time of presentation, and to cover examinations when the presenting symptoms are of sufficient severity to constitute an emergency medical condition in the judgment of a prudent layperson. The final determination of coverage and payment must be made taking into account the presenting symptoms rather than the final diagnosis. The purpose of this rule is to ensure that enrollees have unfettered access to health care for emergency medical conditions, and that providers of emergency services receive payment for those claims meeting that definition without having to navigate through unreasonable administrative burdens."

3.6.2 NCCI and MUE Edits

NC Medicaid reimburses Professional and DME services on the basis of a HCPCS or CPT fee schedule; therefore, NCCI and MUE editing will be applied to these claims.

NC Medicaid policy only requires outpatient lab, drug and radiology claims to be submitted with a revenue code and valid HCPCS or CPT code. Since NC Medicaid is capturing the HCPCS or CPT on these services the State only applies NCCI and MUE editing to these claim details.

PHPs shall apply NCCI edits as outlined above. Therefore, OP Hospital NCCI edits are only applicable to OP lab, drug, and radiology claims.

3.7 Copayment Rules

3.7.1 Emergency Department Copay

State Plan Definition - The health plan shall use the following basis to define non-emergency, emergency, and psychiatric emergency conditions:

- **Non-Emergency Services:** Non-emergency services are all services or care not considered Emergency Services as determined by the attending physician when an enrollee visits the emergency department. Definition of non-emergency care is defined as any health care services provided to evaluate and/or treat any medical condition such that a prudent layperson possessing an average knowledge of medicine and health determines that immediate unscheduled medical care is not required. Hospitals will operationalize this process by performing the required screening on the patient and if they determine the condition non-emergent (determined by medical professionals at the hospital), the ER staff (either a nurse, doctor, or intake staff) will advise the recipient that it is not a condition that requires emergency treatment, and that they (the hospital) will assist them in locating another facility (late night clinic), call their managed care organization when they are open, or locating an urgent care clinic that may be available.

Note: With the exception of behavioral health, intellectual/development disability (I/DD) and traumatic brain injury (TBI) services, all non-emergency services are NOT exempt from copayment.

- **Emergency Medical Services:** Emergency medical conditions are medical or behavioral health conditions, regardless of diagnoses or symptoms, that manifest in acute symptoms of sufficient severity (including severe pain) that a prudent layperson who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine could reasonably expect that the absence of immediate medical attention would result in placing the health of the individual (or, with respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn child) in serious jeopardy, serious impairment of bodily functions, serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part, or serious harm to self or others. The hospital may not impose limits on what constitutes an emergency medical condition.

  Note: These services are exempt from copayment.

- **Psychiatric Emergency Services**: Psychiatric emergency condition are symptoms characterized by an alteration in the perception of reality, feelings, emotions, actions, or behavior requiring immediate therapeutic intervention in order to avoid immediate damage to the patient, other persons, or property. A psychiatric emergency shall not be defined on the basis of lists of diagnoses or symptoms.
  Note: These services are exempt from copayment.

3.7.2 Copayment Rules and Exemptions

The following copay exemption rules apply for Medicaid. The list below contains exemptions that should be applied; however, it is not intended to be comprehensive.

General Rules: The following general copay exemption rules apply for Medicaid:

- A copay is not deducted on any details when a multiple line claim for the same date of service is received with a qualifying reason for bypass (e.g., Member is under 21 years or member is enrolled in the Medicaid Annual Family Planning Determination in North Carolina (MAFDN)).

- On a multi-line claim with the same date of service, each line is evaluated separately for copay. If a line on the claim is not exempt, then the copay will be deducted from the claim, even if other lines on the claim are exempt from copay. Only one copay can be deducted per date of service per billing provider.

- On a multi-line claim with different dates of service each line is evaluated separately for copay. If a line on the claim is not exempt, then the copay will be deducted from the claim, even if there are other lines on the claim which are exempt from copay. A copay can be deducted for each service date per provider when multiple service dates are billed on a single claim.

- A copay is not deducted from a claim when a claim in history with the same provider, same date of service, same member has already deducted a copay.

- Copay exemption criteria can be determined at either the claim header or claim detail. If the copay exemption is at the claim header level such as the beneficiaries age is < 21 or the billing provider is a Federally Qualified Health Center (FQHC), then claim line copay criteria is not considered. If no claim header copay exemption exists, then each claim line will be evaluated for a copay.

- The following claim types are copay exempt: inpatient, nursing facility, hospice, home health, personal care services, behavioral health, Medicare crossover, durable medical equipment ambulance and non-emergency medical transportation (NEMT) claims

- Members required to pay a premium to receive Medicaid, are exempt from copays once they meet the threshold for out-of-pocket medical expenses.

Copay Exemptions Effective Oct. 1, 2023:

- Please see Contract Amendment 15/16 Section V.C. Benefits and Management, 1. Medical and Behavioral Health Benefits Package, i. Cost Sharing

Copay Exemption Effective Nov. 1, 2023:

Please see Contract Amendment 16/17 Section V.C. Benefits and Management, 1. Medical and Behavioral Health Benefits Package, i. Cost Sharing

Member Eligibility Copay Exemptions

Members that fall under the following populations are exempt from copays:

- a recipient who is under the age of 21 years
- a recipient who is enrolled in MPW (Medicaid for Pregnant Women)

- a recipient who is enrolled in the Innovations Waiver
- a recipient who is enrolled in the TBI Waiver Program
- a claim for a recipient residing in a nursing facility, ICF/MR, or mental health hospital
- a recipient who is a tribal member or has previously received tribal services in the past

Provider Driven Copay Exemptions

Claims billed with the following providers are copay exempt:

- the billing provider is an Indian Health Provider (IHP)/Tribal Provider
- the billing provider is an FQHC
- the billing provider is a Rural Health Center
- the billing provider is NC Correction Enterprises (Nash Optical)
- a service is rendered at a tribal free-standing facility or tribal provider-based facility
- The billing provider is providing a 1915(C) HCBS Service
- The billing provider is a Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility
- The billing provider is a Health Dept billing for tuberculosis or a sexually transmitted disease or infection

Service Copay Exemptions

Copay is exempted for outpatient claims when

- a claim is billed for emergency services
- a claim billed for postoperative, out of hospital care management associated with a surgical procedure
- a claim billed for family planning services
- a claim is billed with condition code AJ (member exempt from copay)
- a claim is billed for care/case management services
- a claim is billed for non-physician patient education
- a claim is billed for mental health crisis intervention
- a claim is billed pathology or other lab testing procedures
- a claim is billed for radiology, echocardiography, or other imaging services
- a claim is billed for vaccine administration
- claims billed with diagnosis codes associated with pregnancy, childbirth, and puerperium, to include prenatal care.
- a claim is billed for dialysis procedures or from a dialysis facility
- Medications billed as professional claims [PADP medications]
- A claim is billed for DME, orthotics and prosthetics
- A claim is billed for Home Infusion Therapy
- A claim is billed for an annual adult wellness exam
- A claim is billed for any pandemic-related services
- A claim is billed by a Health Department for tuberculosis or sexually transmitted disease or infection
- A claim billed for HIV antiretroviral medication

3.8 Federally Qualified Health Centers and Rural Health Clinics (RHCs)

3.8.1 FQHC/RHC Core Service Payments:

For Standard Plans: Standard Plans will operate under the existing FQHC/RHC payment methodology found in steps 1 – 4 found in section 3.8.1 FQHC/RHC Core Services through July 31, 2024. Beginning Aug. 1, 2024, the Standard Plans will adopt the new FQHC/RHC wrap payment methodology found in section 3.8.2.

- The health plan shall define FQHC/RHC core services as defined in Clinical Coverage Policy No: 1D-4.
- The health plan shall require the use the T1015 HCPCS code, including HI and SC modifiers, when appropriate, as defined in Clinical Coverage Policy No: 1D-4 Attachment A to bill for Core Services.
- If services are provided on the same day, the health plan shall follow the Department's defined billing guidelines outlined in Clinical Coverage Policy No: 1D-4 Attachment B.
- FQHC/RHC core services are exempt from copayments.

For Tailored Plans: Tailored Plans will operate under the existing FQHC/RHC payment methodology found in steps 1 – 4 found in section 3.8.1 FQHC/RHC Core Services through Nov. 30, 2024. Beginning December 1, 2024, the Tailored Plans will adopt the new FQHC/RHC wrap payment methodology found in section 3.8.2.

1. The health plan shall define FQHC/RHC core services as defined in Clinical Coverage Policy No: 1D-4.
2. The health plan shall require FQHC/RHCs to use the T1015 HCPCS code, including HI and SC modifiers, when appropriate, as defined in Clinical Coverage Policy No: 1D-4 Attachment A to bill for Core Services.
3. If services are provided on the same day, the health plan shall follow the Department's defined billing guidelines outlined in Clinical Coverage Policy No: 1D-4 Attachment B.
4. FQHC/RHC core services are exempt from copayments.

3.8.2 FQHC/RHC Wraparound (Wrap) Payments

For Standard Plans: Standard Plans will operate under the new FQHC/RHC wrap payment methodology found in section 3.8.2 FQHC/RHC Wrap Payments beginning August 1, 2024, and will reimburse FQHC/RHC providers under the new wrap payment methodology for claims with a date of service (DOS) on or after August 1, 2024.The fee schedules for the wrap payment methodology have an effective date of July 1, 2023. Standard Plans will not be required to reprocess claims for this fee schedule update back to the July 1, 2023 effective date; instead, the Department will perform a reconciliation for the period between July 1, 2023 through July 31, 2024

For Tailored Plans: Tailored Plans will operate under the new FQHC/RHC wrap payment methodology found in section 3.8.2 FQHC/RHC Wrap Payments beginning December 1, 2024, and will reimburse FQHC/RHC providers under the new wrap payment methodology for claims with a date of service (DOS) on or after December 1, 2024. The fee schedules for the wrap payment methodology have an effective date for Tailored Plans of December 1, 2024. Tailored Plans will not be required to reprocess claims for

the period between July 1, 2024 through November 30, 2024; instead, the Department will perform a reconciliation for this period.

FQHC/RHC Wrap Payment Calculations: The new FQHC/RHC Wrap Payment methodology will require PHPs to pay wrap payments in addition to statewide base rate payments for Core Service Visits and Well Child Visits, up to the provider specific Prospective Payment System Alternate Payment Methodology (PPS-APM) Rate to FQHC and RHC providers for eleven procedure (or procedure: modifier) codes, which include Core Service Visits (T1015), including HI and SC modifiers, when appropriate as defined in Clinical Coverage Policy No: 1D-4 and Well Child Visits (99381-99385 and EP as one of the modifiers; 99391-99395 and EP as one of the modifiers).

1. The Base Rate for Core Service Visits and Well Child Visits are standard for all providers and are documented in the North Carolina State Plan.

2. The "wrap" payment shall be equal to the difference between the Base Rate and a separate, provider specific Prospective Payment System – Alternate Payment Methodology (PPS-APM) rate (maximum allowable rate) whereby the total amount paid to the FQHC/RHC must equal the PPS APM rate. *(see Fig. 1)*

    a. Calculations shall include:

        1. T1015 or Well Child base rate which is either paid in full by PHP or reduced because there is Third Party Payment. *(see Fig. 2 and Fig. 3)*

    b. "Wrap" payments do not apply to the following ancillary services.

        1. Pharmacy claims remain separately billed and payable.

        2. Diagnostic lab services remain separately billed and payable – even if on the same claim as T1015/Well Child.

        3. Physician hospital services remain separately billed and payable – even if on the same claim as T1015 / Well Child.

            1. FQHC or RHC physician-professional services which are performed in a hospital inpatient or outpatient setting and billed under the taxonomy 193200000X (Multi-Specialty) are separately reimbursable under the Physician Services Fee Schedule; not the FQHC/RHC fee schedules.

            2. FQHC or RHC physician-professional services that are not performed in a hospital inpatient or outpatient setting and billed under the FQHC or RHC taxonomy with non-hospital place of service are not separately reimbursable and will be reimbursed under the FQHC/RHC PPS rate.

3. The provider's unique maximum allowable rate (PPS-APM rate) will be published on the FQHC/RHC Core Service Fee Schedule.

4. The provider shall not bill for a Core Service and a Well Child Visit on same DOS for same recipient.

5. The "wrap" payment shall be paid on Core Service and Well Child visits where Base Rate Payment is not equal to zero. If the Base Rate Payment is zero, a "wrap" payment should not be made.

Figure. 1: Wrap Payment equal to Provider Specific PPS APM less Base Rate (Allowed Amount):

Provider Type	Service	Service Codes	Statewide Base Rate (Allowed Amount)	Sample Provider Specific PPS APM Rate	Paid Wrap Payment Amount
FQHC	Core Service	T1015	$117.32	$305.00	$187.68
RHC	Core Service	T1015	$83.30	$305.00	$221.70
FQHC / RHC	Well Child	99381EP-99385EP, 99391EP-99395EP	$80.33	$305.00	$224.67

Fig. 2: Wrap Payment equal to Provider Specific PPS-APM rate less Base Rate (Allowed Amount):

Procedure Code	Claim Line Status	Billed Amount	Allowed Amount (Base Rate)	Medicaid Co-pay Amount	Other Payor Paid Amount	Base Rate Payment = Base Rate - Other Payer Paid Amount	Sample PPS APM rate	Paid Wrap Payment Amount (PPS APM Rate – Allowed Amount)
T1015	PAID	$200.00	$117.32	$0.00	$101.55	$15.77	$350.00	$232.68

Fig. 3: Wrap Payment equal to zero when (Base Rate less Third-Party Payment <0); Note: Example includes Lab Service (85018) that is paid separately from wrap payment.

Procedure Code	Claim Line Status	Billed Amount	Allowed Amount	Medicaid Co-pay Amount	Other Payor Paid Amount	Base Rate Payment = Base Rate - Other Payer Paid Amount	Sample PPS APM rate	Paid Wrap Payment Amount	Amount Billed and Paid Separately from Wrap Payment	Notes
T1015	PAID	$200.00	$117.32	$0.00	$150.00	$0.00	$350.00	$0.00	N/A	Note 1
90460	PAID	$20.45	$0.00	$0.00	$15.00	$0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note 2
90651	PAID	$0.00	$0.00	$0.00	$30.00	$0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note 2
85018	PAID	$5.00	$2.95	$0.00	$1.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	$1.95	Note 3

Note 1: Wrap payment is zero because Other Payor payment > Base Rate
Note 2: Pays zero from Medicaid Fee Schedule and is included in PPS APM Rate
Note 3: Diagnostic Lab Pays separately pursuant to Medicaid Fee Schedule and is excluded from PPS APM Rate

FQHC/RHC Wrap Payment Claims Submissions:

1. Wrap Payment adjustments should be submitted for both paid and voided claims.

2. The "wrap" payment amount should be reported on the provider's ASC x12 835 Electronic Remittance Advice:

   a. Under the Service Payment Information in the Service Adjustment segment at the line level on a CAS segment with:

      - Claim Adjustment Group Code (CAGC) 'CO' (Contractual Obligation)
      - and Claim Adjustment Reason Code (CARC) 172 with Adjustment Amount *that will* be negative to show additional funds were remitted to the provider. Reference section 3.2.4 of the Encounter Data Submission Guide for additional information.

   b. The Provider Paid amount reported on the provider's remittance shall equal the Base Rate amount for a Core Service Visit or a Well Child Visit plus the "wrap" amount (full PPS amount).

      i. Note: remittance advice should reflect the full payment amount to the provider inclusive of the base rate plus the wrap payment amount.

3. PHPs shall continue to process claims from FQHCs and RHCs for those services not listed above, however, payment for those ancillary services shall be set at "$0"; the PPS APM rate has been grossed up to reimburse for those services not listed (ex: 99212, w/ '25' Modifier or PADP Drugs). See *Figures 1-2* for additional examples (note that examples do not include TPL).

   a. The previous utilization of ancillary services has been factored into the maximum allowable rate (PPS-APM rate) for each provider.

   b. FQHCs and RHCs shall continue to bill for services not listed. Utilization of these services going forward will be used for future calculations of the maximum allowable rate (PPS-APM rate).

   c. There is no change to Pharmacy Point of Sale reimbursement; these shall continue to be reimbursed per the approved NC Medicaid State Plan methodology.

   d. There is no change to Lab Service reimbursement; these shall continue to be reimbursed per the approved NC Medicaid State Plan methodology.

   e. Pregnancy Medical Home Incentive Payments (S0280 / S0281) shall continue to be reimbursed per the approved NC Medicaid State Plan Methodology.

   f. FQHCs and RHCs should submit claims to health plans with their NPI listed as the Billing Provider.

Fig. 1: Allowed Amount [T1015 Base Rate] less Provider-Specific PPS APM Rate [Paid Amount] equals Adjustment Amount ["wrap" payment]

Core Service Example								
Provider Type	**Service**	**Service Code**	**Modifier**	**Billed Amount**	**Allowed Amount**	**Adjustment Amount***	**Total Net Paid Amount**	**Adjustment Code**
FQHC	Core Service	T1015		$200	$117.32	-$187.68	$305	172
FQHC	Vaccine Admin	90460	EP	$20.45	$0	$0	$0	45
FQHC	Vaccine	90651		$0	$0	$0	$0	45
FQHC	Lab	85018		$5.00	$3.01	$0	$3.01	45

Fig. 2: Allowed Amount [Well Child Base Rate] less Provider-Specific PPS APM Rate [Paid Amount] equals Adjustment Amount ["wrap" payment]

Well Child Example								
Provider Type	**Service**	**Service Code**	**Modifier**	**Billed Amount**	**Allowed Amount**	**Adjustment Amount***	**Total Net Paid Amount**	**Adjustment Code**
FQHC	Well Child	99381	EP	$115	$80.33	-$224.67	$305	172
FQHC	EPSDT	96110	EP	$0	$0	$0	$0	45
FQHC	Sick Visit	99212	25	$21.54	$0	$0	$0	45
FQHC	Lab	85018		$5.00	$3.01	$0	$3.01	45

3.9 HCPCS/NDC Crosswalk Guidance by Claim Type

Medical Claim Types and HCPCS/NDC Clarification:

- The HCPCS/NDC crosswalk is adapted primarily to be used for professional claims. Health plans cannot load the HCPCS/NDC crosswalk to adjudicate claims. The below guidance is to support usage of the HCPCS/NDC Crosswalk and applies to drugs/products covered under the medical pharmacy benefit.

- Professional
  - Billed on the CMS 1500 or 837P.
  - Drugs are rebate eligible.
    - Note: Per the PADP policy 1B, there are some drugs/products which are excluded from the rebate eligibility requirement.
  - The PADP program applies to professional claims.
  - Drugs pay per the PADP fee schedule.
  - All HCPCS/NDC combinations for acceptable drugs are on the crosswalk table.
- Outpatient Dialysis Centers
  - Billed on a UB-04 or 837I with a Dialysis taxonomy (261QE0700X).
  - Dialysis Center claims pay based on the composite rates per the Dialysis policy, 1A-34.
    - If a HCPCS code is not included in the composite rate(s) and allowed per the Dialysis policy, the system pays per line item off the PADP fee schedule.

    - Drugs not included in the composite rate(s) and billed separately must be rebate eligible and paid based on the PADP fee schedule.
        - Note: Per the PADP policy 1B, there are some drugs/products which are excluded from the rebate eligibility requirement.
    - Health plans must check for a valid HCPCS code and a valid/active NDC on outpatient drug claim lines since NC Medicaid collects rebates on these drug agents.
    - Health plans should not deny an outpatient dialysis claim line because the HCPCS/NDC combination is not active on the crosswalk table.
- Outpatient Hospital (excluding Dialysis)
    - Billed on a UB-04 or 837I.
    - Drugs are rebate eligible.
        - Note: Per the PADP policy 1B, there are some drugs/products which are excluded from the rebate eligibility requirement.
    - Outpatient Hospitals can bill for covered outpatient drugs and they are not restricted to the drugs listed on the PADP.
        - Hospitals may use the drug information (HCPCS and NDC) listed in the PADP Fee Schedule; however, OP hospital payment is based on the Ratio of Cost to Charge (RCC) methodology.
    - Health plans must check for a valid HCPCS code, a valid and active NDC, etc. on outpatient drug claim lines since NC Medicaid collects rebates on these drug agents.
    - Health plans should not deny an outpatient hospital claim line because the HCPCS/NDC combination is not active on the crosswalk table.
    - Outpatient hospital claims should be reimbursed at RCC.
- Inpatient Hospital Claims
    - Billed on a UB-04 or 837I.
    - Rebates are not collected for inpatient drugs.
    - The PADP program is not applicable to inpatient claims.
    - DRG pricing is applied.
    - Inpatient hospital claims for rehab and psych are reimbursed under the per diem methodology.
    - The HCPCS/NDC crosswalk does not apply to inpatient claims.

3.10 Hospital Acquired Conditions

The health plan shall require providers to follow the requirements for reporting and reimbursing for hospital acquired conditions as outlined in Clinical Coverage Policy 2A-1. Specific examples are noted in the following sections of Attachment B:

- C. Reporting of Never Events and Hospital-Acquired Conditions
- D. Procedures to Follow for Reporting Avoidable Errors (Never Events)
- E. Procedures to Follow for Report POA and HAC Indicators

3.11 Hysterectomy

The health plan shall require providers to complete and submit the Hysterectomy Statement outlined in Clinical Coverage Policy 1E-1 Attachment B to the health plan (NC Medicaid: Obstetrics and Gynecology Clinical Coverage Policies) and maintain completed statements consistent with the health plan contract

and federal statute. The health plan shall not pay claims for this service without (1) receipt of the form from the provider, and (2) review and validation of the form by the health plan.

3.12 Hospital Claims

Health plans are required to stay current with the annual October 1 update and any periodic CMS MSDRG Grouper versions. The current Grouper version can be found in the Grouper DRG Weight Table fee schedule. Diagnosis codes are a key component to determining which DRG is assigned by the grouper. The list of-Diagnosis codes could potentially change annually. The most current grouper version issued by CMS and adhered to by NC Medicaid can be found at the following CMS webpage: MS-DRG Classifications and Software | CMS

3.12.1 Inpatient Hospital Billing

The health plan shall pay for an inpatient length of stay for their members even when the member disenrolls after the hospital admission. If a health plan receives a retroactive disenrollment effective date which precedes the date of the hospital admission, then the health plan is not responsible for the inpatient length of stay.

Lower Level of Care:
When a member is reduced to Lower Level of Care (LLOC), the hospital must indicate on the claim that the member was discharged and then readmitted, resulting in multiple claims for billing, even though the member continues to receive care in the facility.

Lower Level of Care Billing:

- Taxonomy with associated Specialties: 282N00000X, 273R00000X, 273Y00000X, 284300000X, 283Q00000X, 282NC0060X
- Bill Types: 66X Nursing Facility Level of Care, 28X Ventilator Level of Care

Lower Level of Care Payment Methodology:

- Obtain the 'All Inclusive Per Diem' rate from Hospital Lower Level of Care Rate fee schedule.
- Multiply the claim approved days (reimbursable units) by per diem rate to get the calculated allowed amount.

*Note: Swing Bed Hospital Fee Schedule/Taxonomy is provider specific. LLOC policy applies to Acute Care hospitals.

3.12.2 DRG Payment Methodology

DRG Payment:

Inpatient claims are categorized into a diagnosis-related group (DRG) for payment purposes by an ICD10 MS DRG Grouper software. Each DRG has a payment weight assigned that is calculated from the average cost to treat patients with conditions that fall into that DRG.

To calculate the DRG base payment for a claim, the following formula is used:

Hospital-Specific DRG Base Rate * DRG Weight

Outlier Payment:

If a service qualifies for both cost outlier and day outlier payments, the outlier payment shall be determined by selecting the greater of the cost or day outlier payment.

When a hospital stay is for an exceptionally high cost or long length of stay and meets the outlier criteria, the claim is eligible for an outlier payment in addition to the DRG base payment, if the cost or number of days exceeds the threshold.

To calculate the Cost Outlier payment for a claim, the following formula is used:

- Allowable Charges * Inpatient Cost to Charge (IPRCC) = Calculated Cost Outlier
- Calculated Cost Outlier – Cost Outlier Threshold = Cost Over Threshold
- Cost Over Threshold * 75% = Payable Cost Outlier Amount
- Total DRG Payment + Payable Cost Outlier Amount = Total DRG Payment

To calculate the Day Outlier payment for a claim, the following formula is used:

- Total Covered Days – Day Outlier Threshold = Days Over Threshold
- Total DRG Amount / Average Length of Stay (ALOS) = DRG Per Diem
- DRG Per Diem * 75% = Day Outlier Per Diem
- Day Outlier Per Diem * Days Over Threshold = Day Outlier Amount
- Total DRG Amount + Payable Day Outlier Amount = Total DRG Payment

When health plans disallow a service for non-allowable charges or billing errors on a claim line, they shall supply the provider with a clear explanation of the reason the service was not allowed.

3.12.3 Clinical Services Billing and Reimbursement Guidance for NC Select Drugs (including Cell & Gene Therapies)

1. Drugs on the NC Select Drug List, including but not limited to Cell & Gene Therapies (CGTs), which meet the definition of a covered outpatient drug, as defined in 42 CFR § 447.502, are covered under the NC Medicaid Benefit.
    a. NC Medicaid maintains a NC Select Drug List, which can be modified by the State for inclusion or exclusion of additional drugs.
2. Health plans should notify the ~~State~~ Department within 14 calendar days when:
    a. Hospital providers request prior approval (PA) for a NC Select Drug,
    b. Claims are received for an NC Select Drug, and
    c. Claims are paid for an NC Select Drug.
3. Billing and Claims Submission
    a. Inpatient services related to the administration of NC Select Drugs will be reimbursed using the existing DRG payment methodology and will be based on the primary

diagnosis code and grouped to the appropriate DRG. The PA number shall be included on the claim.

b. Hospital outpatient services related to the administration of NC Select Drugs will be reimbursed using the existing Ratio of Cost to Charge (RCC) Outpatient payment methodology. The PA number shall be included on the claim.

c. Professional outpatient services related to the administration of NC Select Drugs will be reimbursed based off the established fee schedule rate.

d. For NC Select Drugs, the cost of the drug shall be submitted on the claim, with the corresponding HCPCS code and NDC.
    i. NC Select Drugs shall be carved out of the inpatient DRG or outpatient RCC and listed on a separate line for drug reimbursement, specifying the drug with the appropriate HCPCS and NDC to be reimbursed separately by NC Medicaid. Total reimbursement will consist of both DRG-based reimbursement and AAC drug invoice reimbursement.
    ii. An invoice must be attached to the claim to support the actual drug acquisition cost.
    iii. The cost submitted on the claim line must equal the NC Select Drug cost as documented on the invoice of purchase, net of any discounts or rebates received by the hospital/provider.
    iv. Providers shall file inpatient claims for NC Select Drugs with the product-specific ICD-10-PCS code, if one has been assigned. If a product-specific code has not been assigned, providers shall file inpatient claims with the most specific available billing code.
    v. Providers shall file hospital outpatient and professional outpatient claims for NC Select Drugs with the product-specific HCPCS code, if one has been assigned. If a product-specific code has not been assigned, providers shall use HCPCS J3590.

e. NC Select Drugs administered in the ~~hospital setting, either~~ hospital inpatient, ~~or~~ hospital outpatient or professional outpatient settings, should be ~~claimed~~ billed by the ~~hospital~~ rendering provider directly to the appropriate Medicaid plan the member is enrolled in.

f. .
    i. ~~Inpatient and outpatient hospitals~~ Providers cannot “white bag” or leverage specialty pharmacies as an administrative vehicle for billing the drug. NC Medicaid will not reimburse point of sale pharmacies, including Specialty Pharmacies, directly for NC Select Drugs.
    ii. The ~~hospital~~ provider CEO, CFO, or appropriate designee is required to attest that the net invoice cost reflects the actual costs incurred by the ~~hospital~~ provider for the drug, to include all cost offsets such as rebates received by the ~~hospital~~ provider, or discounts. The ~~hospital~~ provider designee can attest to the validity of the invoice cost by signing the submitted invoice, including their printed name and title.
    iii. Bona Fide Service Fees (meeting federal definition in 42 CFR § 423.501) are allowable, and are not required to be reported as cost offsets by the provider.

4. Reimbursement Guidance
    a. Drugs administered in an inpatient hospital setting shall be reimbursed by the plan based on the ingredient component of the NC Select Drug at the Actual Acquisition Cost (AAC) net of all costs such as rebates and discounts received by the hospital, ~~and discounts~~.
    b. Drugs administered in an outpatient hospital setting shall be reimbursed by the plan based on the ingredient component of the NC Select Drug at the lesser of the AAC or Average Sales Price (ASP) net of all costs such as rebates or discounts received by the hospital~~, or discounts~~.
    c. Drugs administered in a professional outpatient setting shall be reimbursed by the plan based on the ingredient component of the NC Select Drug at the lesser of the AAC or the ASP net of all costs such as rebates or discounts received by the provider~~, or discounts~~.
    d. The plan shall reimburse drugs added to the NC Select Drug List according to the reimbursement logic provided in this section within 45 Calendar Days of notification from the Department that the NC Select Drug List has been amended.
    e. The plan shall not reimburse providers using 340B inventory for drugs on the NC Select Drug List furnished to Members

~~3.12.4 Lower Level of Care~~

~~The health plan shall pay for an inpatient length of stay for their members even when the member disenrolls after the hospital admission. If a health plan receives a retroactive disenrollment effective date which precedes the date of the hospital admission, then the health plan is not responsible for the inpatient length of stay.~~

~~When a member is reduced to Lower Level of Care (LLOC), the hospital must indicate on the claim that the member was discharged and then readmitted, resulting in multiple claims for billing, even though the member continues to receive care in the facility.~~

~~**Lower Level of Care Billing:**~~

- ~~**Taxonomy with associated Specialties:** 282N00000X, 273R00000X, 273Y00000X, 284300000X, 283Q00000X, 282NC0060X~~
- ~~**Bill Types**: 66X Nursing Facility Level of Care, 28X Ventilator Level of Care~~

~~**Lower Level of Care Payment Methodology:**~~

- ~~Obtain the 'All Inclusive Per Diem' rate from Hospital Lower Level of Care Rate fee schedule.~~
- ~~Multiply the claim approved days (reimbursable units) by per diem rate to get the calculated allowed amount.~~

~~*Note: Swing Bed Hospital Fee Schedule/Taxonomy is provider specific. LLOC policy applies to Acute Care hospitals.~~

3.13 Lab Test Codes

NC Medicaid reimburses in office labs in accordance with the CLIA certification of that office. For example, the following codes are covered in the office setting if the office is CLIA certified to perform the test. The Department has historically reimbursed the lab codes below in an in-office place of service. There is no policy denying lab tests for place of service 11.

- 80061 – Lipid Panel
- 80305 – Drug Test PRSMV Dir Opt Obs
- 82248 – Bilirubin Direct
- 82962 – Glucose Blood Test
- 87081 – Culture Screen Only
- 87086 – Urine Culture/Colony Count
- 87425 – IAAD IA Rotavirus
- 87502 – Influenza DNA AMP Probe
- 87634 – RSV DNA/RNA AMP Prove
- 87651 – Strep A DNA AMP Probe
- 87651QW - Strep A DNA AMP Probe
- 87633 - RESP Virus12-25 Targets

3.14 Medical Home Fees

In addition to the payment for services provided, the health plan shall pay an AMH practice of any tier a medical home fee as described in Section V.D.4.p. of the Revised and Restated Health Plan Contract. The health plan shall pay each AMH a medical home fee on a PMPM basis without requiring the AMH to bill for the medical home fee.

3.15 Newborns

The health plan shall direct providers to bill a newborn's claims to their assigned Medicaid ID. Providers shall not be allowed to bill newborn claims to the mother's ID following delivery. The delivery is charged to the Mother's ID, but all services provided to the newborn are charged to the newborn's ID.

3.15.1 Newborn Clinical Information

For newborns the plans must ensure eligibility is established and the information is appropriately communicated to the Department. Health plans should allow additional time, up to 30 days after birth, for hospitals to batch and send additional requested clinical data to the health plans or allow the health plans to access this information through integration with the hospital's electronic medical record.

For additional information on Newborns please refer to the Playbook:

3.16 Pregnancy Global Bundle

The health plan shall allow providers to bill the global obstetrics bundle as defined in Section V.C.1.c.viii. of the Revised and Restated Health Plan Contract.

NC Medicaid wants to improve data collection to ensure a complete and more accurate picture of prenatal and postpartum care delivery. Two new, non-paid, F codes have been added to NC Medicaid's clinical policy 1E-5, Obstetrical Services. The two F codes include 0500F for Initial Prenatal Visits and 0503F for Postpartum Care Visits. Both codes are defined in the NCQA HEDIS® value sets and are meant to support more accurate and complete data collection around prenatal and postpartum care delivery in North Carolina.
Effective for dates of service on or after July 1, 2025, delivery claims will deny if 0500F is not in claims history. This includes individual delivery and global or package claims. 0503F is to be billed with the comprehensive postpartum examination. Global obstetric claims should not be submitted until the postpartum examination has been completed.

3.17 Pregnancy Management Program Payments

The health plan shall direct Pregnancy Management Program providers to bill the appropriate codes.

NC Medicaid is establishing a complete list of procedure codes under the Pregnancy Management Program, which will be posted to the NC Medicaid's website. All providers of OB services will be considered Pregnancy Management Program Providers.

Please refer to 1E-6 of the clinical coverage policy.

3.18 Procedure Codes

3.18.1 Covered Procedure Codes

For the list of covered procedure codes, please reference the Fee Schedule and Covered Codes Portal. Health plans should contact NC Medicaid if they intend to remove covered codes from their system or are notified of any code related issues from providers.

3.19 Revenue Codes

3.19.1 Revenue Codes and NDC Codes

The health plan shall submit a National Drug Code (NDC) on claims where drug procedure codes are reported separately. All institutional and professional claims must include a valid 11-digit NDC code for each claim detail line that includes a drug procedure code. All pharmacy related revenue codes are required to also have a HCPCS/CPT code reported.

- This requirement applies to revenue codes in the 250-259 and 631 – 639 range.
    a. 0250 – 0259
    b. 0631 – 0637

c. 0891 & 0892

- ~~Revenue codes 251, 252, 254, and 257 should include an edit indicating that a HCPCS/CPT code must be reported. Both revenue code ranges indicate that a HCPCS/CPT code must be submitted on outpatient claims.~~

The following drug codes require the NDC on professional and institutional claims:

- J codes, including miscellaneous and unlisted drug codes
- Drug related C codes, including miscellaneous and unlisted drug codes
- Drug related Q codes, including miscellaneous and unlisted drug codes
- Drug related S codes, including miscellaneous and unlisted drug codes
- Drug related A codes, including miscellaneous and unlisted drug codes, radiopharmaceuticals
- Drug related CPT codes, including miscellaneous and unlisted drug codes (e.g. immunizations, Synagis, immune globulins)

A valid HCPCS/CPT code along with units of service must be entered on claims along with the NDC and NDC quantity (based on assigned unit of measure). NDC codes are not required for vaccines or immunizations. Administration codes should not be billed with an NDC code and shall result in a denial of the administration code.

All claims must be converted to an 11- digit 5-4-2 format (e.g., 99999-9999-99) for billing purposes.

- 10-digit NDC code formats can be converted into the 11-digit format by adding leading zeros
  - 4-4-2 (09999-9999-99)
  - 5-3-2 (99999-0999-99)
  - 5-4-1 (99999-9999-09)
- NDC codes that are not billed in the 11-digit format should be rejected as a provider billing error

Billing NDC codes in addition to drug CPT/HCPCS codes eliminate the need to request additional documentation/ information in order to identify a specific drug service.

3.19.2 Covered Revenue Codes

For the list of covered revenue codes, please reference the covered revenue codes page on the Fee Schedule and Covered Codes Portal.

3.19.3 Institutional Hospital Outpatient Claims

The health plan shall not use Hospital Outpatient Prospective Payment System (OPPS) protocols to reimburse institutional hospital outpatient claims.

When a HCPCS is not required to be billed with a Revenue Code, then the claim line is reimbursed through Ratio of Cost to Charge (RCC) pricing. The reimbursement methodology calculation for RCC Pricing = Billed Amount x Outpatient Hospital RCC Rate x 100% (managed care only).

When reimbursement of an outpatient claim line is based on the procedure code then the claim line is reimbursed through fee schedule pricing.

Outpatient Hospital Laboratory Guidance:

Outpatient hospitals billing for Pathology Lab Revenue Codes should be reimbursed by the Health Plans as follows:

IF claim type form is UB04

AND billed with a revenue code '300'-'319'

AND any of the Pathology HCPCS codes listed in the PHP Managed Care Hospital Outpatient Laboratory Fee Schedule (88104-88125, 88160-88162, 88172-88173, 88177, 88180-88182, 88199, 88300-88319, 88323, 88331-88380, 88399, 88387-88388, G0416-G0419)

THEN that claim line should be reimbursed the TC Modifier rate on the fee schedule.

** Facilities are not required to bill the above scenario with a TC Modifier based on historic reimbursement methodologies.*

3.19.4 Institutional Claims and Revenue Codes

Consistent with NC Medicaid Direct institutional claims processing, when reimbursement of a claim line is based only on the revenue code, the health plan shall not require submitted procedure codes to be checked for coverage or validity; unless the procedure code requires an NDC (refer to section 3.9).

Outpatient hospital claims with revenue codes that require a submitted procedure code must validate the submitted codes are valid and covered; including revenue codes, procedure codes (HCPCS or CPT) and, when applicable, National Drug Code (NDC, see Section 3.19.3).

Claim lines submitted with the following revenue codes do not require a procedure code and should not be denied as non-covered/ invalid procedure code:

Revenue Code Group	Revenue Code
010X - All-inclusive Rate	0100
	0101
011X - Room and Board Private (one bed)	0110
	0111
	0112
	0113
	0114
	0116

Revenue Code Group	Revenue Code
014X - Room and Board Deluxe Private	0140
	0141
	0142
	0143
	0144
	0146
	0147
	0149

	0117
	0118
	0119
012X - Room and Board Semiprivate (two beds)	0120
	0121
	0122
	0123
	0124
	0126
	0127
	0128
	0129
013X - Room and Board (3 & 4 beds)	0130
	0131
	0132
	0133
	0134
	0136
	0137
	0138
	0139

015X - Room and Board Ward	0150
	0151
	0152
	0153
	0154
	0156
	0157
	0158
	0159
016X - Other Room and Board	0160
	0164
	0167
	0169
017X - Nursery	0170
	0171
	0172
	0173
	0174
	0179
018X - Leave of Absence	0183**

Revenue Code Group	Revenue Code
019X - Subacute Care	0190
	0191
	0192
	0193
	0194
	0199
020X - Intensive Care Unit	0200
	0201
	0202
	0203
	0204
	0206
	0207
	0208

Revenue Code Group	Revenue Code
026X - IV Therapy	0260
	0261
	0262
	0263
	0264
	0269
027X - Medical/Surgical Supplies and Devices	0270*
	0271
	0272
	0273
	0275
	0276
	0278
	0279
028X - Oncology	0280

	0209
021X - Coronary Care Unit	0210
	0211
	0212
	0213
	0214
	0219
022X - Special Charges	0220
	0221
	0222
	0223
	0224
	0229
023X - Incremental Nursing Charge	0230
	0231
	0232
	0233
	0234
	0239
024X - All-inclusive Ancillary	0240
	0241
	0242
	0243
	0249

	0289
029X - Durable Medical Equipment (Other than Renal)	0290
	0299
032X - Radiology Diagnostic	0320
	0321
	0322
	0323
	0324
	0329
033X - Radiology Therapeutic and/of Chemotherapy Administration	0330
	0331
	0332
	0333
	0335
	0339
034X - Nuclear Medicine	0340
	0341
	0342
	0343
	0344
	0349

Revenue Code Group	Revenue Code
036X - Operating Room Services	0360
	0361
	0362
	0367
	0369
037X - Anesthesia	0370
	0371
	0372
	0379
038X - Blood and Blood Products	0380
	0381
	0382
	0383
	0384

Revenue Code Group	Revenue Code
044X - Speech Therapy Language Pathology	0440
	0441
	0442
	0443
	0444
	0449
045X - Emergency Room	0450
	0451
	0452
	0456
	0459
046X - Pulmonary Function	0460
	0469
047X - Audiology	0470

	0385
	0386
	0387
	0389
039X - Administration, Processing and Storage for Blood and Blood Components	0390
	0392
	0399
040X - Other Imaging Services	0400
	0401
	0403
041X - Respiratory Services	0410
	0412
	0413
	0419
042X - Physical Therapy	0420
	0421
	0422
	0423
	0424
	0429
043X - Occupational Therapy	0430
	0431
	0432
	0433
	0434
	0439

	0471
	0472
	0479
048X - Cardiology	0480
	0481
	0482
	0483
	0489
049X - Ambulatory Surgical Care	0490
	0499
050X - Outpatient Services	0500
	0509
051X - Clinic	0510
	0511
	0512
	0513
	0514
	0515
	0516
	0517
	0519

Revenue Code Group	Revenue Code
054X - Ambulance	0542
	0543
	0544
	0545
	0546
	0549
055X - Skilled Nursing	0550
	0551
	0559
057X - Home Health Aide	0570
058X - Home Health Other Visits	0580
	0581
	0589

Revenue Code Group	Revenue Code
072X - Labor Room/Delivery	0720
	0721
	0722
	0723
	0724
	0729
073X - EKG/ECG Electrocardiogram	0730
	0731
	0732
	0739
074X - EEG Electroencephalogram	0740
	0749
	0750

062X - Medical/Surgical Supplies - Extension of 027X	0621
	0622
	0623
065X - Hospice Service	0651
	0652
	0655
	0656
065X - Hospice Service **067X - Outpatient Special Residence Charges** **068X - Trauma Response**	0658
	0659
	0679
	0681
	0682
	0683
067X - Outpatient Special Residence Charges	0684
068X - Trauma Response **070X - Cast Room** **071X - Recovery Room** **Revenue Code Group**	0689
	0700
	0710
	0719
	Revenue Code
082X - Hemodialysis - Outpatient or Home	0821
071X - Recovery Room **083X - Peritoneal Dialysis - Outpatient or Home**	0829
	0831
Revenue Code Group	0839
084X - Continuous Ambulatory Peritoneal Dialysis (CAPD)- Outpatient or Home **085X - Continuous Cycling Peritoneal Dialysis (CCPD) - Outpatient or Home**	0841
	0851
088X - Miscellaneous Dialysis	0880
	0881
084X - Continuous Ambulatory Peritoneal Dialysis (CAPD)- Outpatient or Home	0889
090X - Behavioral Health Treatments/Services (also see 091X, and extension of 090X)	0900
088X - Miscellaneous Dialysis	0901
	0905

075X - Gastrointestinal Services	0759
076X - Specialty Services	0760
	0761
	0762
	0769
077X - Preventive Services	0770
078X - Telemedicine	0780
079X - Extra-Corporeal Shock Wave Therapy (formerly Lithotripsy)	0790
	0799
080X - Inpatient Renal Dialysis	0800
	0801
	0802
	0803
	0804
	0809
081X - Acquisition of Body Components	0810
	0811
	0812
	0813
	0819

087X - Cell and Gene Therapy	0870-0874

	0906
090X - Behavioral Health Treatments/Services (also see 091X, and extension of 090X) **091X - Behavioral Health Treatments/Services - Extension of 090X**	0907
	0911
	0914
	0915
	0916
091X - Behavioral Health Treatments/Services - Extension of 090X **092X - Other Diagnostic Services**	0917
	0918
	0919
	0920
	0921
	0922
	0923
092X - Other Diagnostic Services **094X - Other Therapeutic Services - See also 095X**	0924
	0925
	0929
	0940
	0942
	0943
	0944
094X - Other Therapeutic Services - See also 095X	0945
	0946
	0947
	0948
	0949

**270: A HCPCS is required for Home Health claims*
***0183: A HCPCS is required when billed by Behavioral Health residential facilities.*

3.20 Sterilizations

The health plan shall require providers to complete and submit the Sterilization Consent Form outlined in Clinical Coverage Policy 1E-3 Attachment C and maintain completed consent forms consistent with the health plan contract and federal statute. The health plan shall not pay claims for this service without (1) receipt of the form from the provider, and (2) review and validation of the form by the health plan.

3.21 Skilled Nursing Facilities

As stated in Clinical Coverage Policy 2B-1, Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) providers should bill the most appropriate codes that accurately describe the service provided. Room and board is not restricted to

Revenue Codes 100 and 183. Health plans can refer to the covered code list for covered room and board revenue codes. As a reminder, SNF room and board is reimbursed per diem at the Medicaid provider specific established fee schedule rate, regardless of the revenue code billed.

Effective Sept 1, 2025, Plans ~~s~~hall pay nursing facility claims for Modified Adjusted Gross Income (MAGI) members without the Patient's Monthly Liability (PML) being added to the 834-file. Non-MAGI members must have ~~be determined to meet long term care financial eligibility when this determination has been made~~ the ~~Patient's Monthly Liability (~~PML~~) will be~~ added to the 834-file prior to paying nursing facility claims. Plans cannot pay nursing facility claims for Non-MAGI members until the plan receives the 834-file confirming the PML. Once received, the health plan then pays the nursing facility for the member's stay minus the PML.

Here are the Non-MAGI Eligibility Program Codes, all members with these eligibility codes require a PML prior to payment for nursing facility claims.

(NEW TABLE)

Non-MAGI			
Program	**Code**	**Program**	**Code**
Medicaid for the Aged	MAABN	**Medicaid for the Disabled**	MADBN
	MAACY		MADCY
	MAAGN		MADGN
	MAAMN		MADMN
	MAANN		MADNN
	MAAON		MADPN
	MAAPN		MADQN
	MAAQN		MADQY
	MAAQY		SADBN
	SAABN		SADCN
	SAACN		SADCY
	SAACY		SADQN
Special Assistance for the Aged	SAAQN	**Special Assistance for the Disabled**	SADQY
	SAAQY		MQBBN
	MABBN		MQBEN
	MABCY		MQBQN
	MABGN		MAFMN
Medicaid for the Blind	MABMN	**Qualified Medicare Beneficiaries**	HSFMN
	MABNN		HSFMN
	MABPN		HSFMN
	MABQN	**Medicaid for Families**	HSFMN
	MABQY	**Foster Care**	HSFMN

3.21.1 Short Term Skilled Nursing Facilities

Effective Jan. 1, 2023, NC Medicaid requires health plans to pay nursing facilities no less than 95% of the facilities' adjusted Medicare rate for the first 20 days of the nursing facility stay, and then pay no less than 80% of the facilities' adjusted Medicare rate for the remainder of the nursing facility stay covered under managed care.

If the nursing facility stay exceeds 90 days and the member is discharged back to NC Medicaid Direct, the 80% rate should remain in place until the member is discharged to NC Medicaid Direct.

3.22 Taxonomy Claims Guidance:

Providers must select a taxonomy as listed in the Provider Permission Matrix based on their license and scope of practice. The Department will perform credentialing based on the taxonomy (-ies) for which the provider is enrolling. The enrolled taxonomy will be reported on the PEF in the Taxonomy Code field. Additional taxonomy level information is provided on the PEF for informational purposes only.

When claims are processed:

- The health plan shall validate the taxonomy code submitted on the claim against the Taxonomy Code field(s) sent for the provider on the PEF. The additional taxonomy level information provided for information purposes only on the PEF should NOT be used during the claim submission process.
- The effective date of Medicaid health plan enrollment is the earliest date of service for which a provider may receive payment for services and is conditional to the active status of the taxonomy billed, as well as the active status of the billing address, for the date service was rendered.
- ~~The health plan shall validate the claim's date of service against the enrolled taxonomy effective dates. In the case of inpatient stays, if a provider's taxonomy status changes during a beneficiary's stay, taxonomy effective date validation should be based on the date of discharge for DRG based claims and should be based on the date of service for per diem claims.~~
- Once validated, the health plan shall price claims based on the taxonomy code submitted on the claim.

Example 1:
1649418971 has the following active taxonomy codes.

Enrolled Taxonomy Code	Taxonomy Level 2	Taxonomy Level 3
101YM0800	101Y00000X	101YM0800
363LA2200X	363L00000X	363LA2200X
363LC1500X	363L00000X	363LC1500X
363LF0000X	363L00000X	363LF0000X
363LP0808X	363L00000X	363LP0808X
363LP2300X	363L00000X	363LP2300X
363L00000X	363L00000X	

- Claims submitted for the enrolled taxonomy code should price using that submitted taxonomy code

- Claims submitted with 101Y00000X should deny for invalid taxonomy since it is not an enrolled taxonomy code
- Claims previously paid for 101Y00000X should be adjusted to deny since it is not an enrolled taxonomy code

Example 2:
The provider below has the listed taxonomy codes with the following effective dates:

Enrolled Taxonomy Code	Status Code	Begin Date	End Date	Taxonomy Level 2	Taxonomy Level 3	Disposition for DOS
101YM0800X	Active	05/20/2021	12/31/9999	101Y00000X	101YM0800X	Pay
101YM0800X	Term	02/05/2021	05/19/2021	101Y00000X	101YM0800X	Deny
101YM0800X	Active	02/19/2019	02/04/2021	101Y00000X	101YM0800X	Pay
363LA2200X	Suspend	08/02/2020	12/31/9999	363L00000X	363LA2200X	Pend
363LA2200X	Active	02/01/2020	08/01/2020	363L00000X	363LA2200X	Pay
363L00000X	Active	08/31/2021	12/31/9999	363L00000X		Pay
363L00000X	Active	10/01/2021	08/30/2021	363L00000X		Pay

- Claims with a date of service of May 17, 2021 submitted with 101YM0800X should deny as the enrolled taxonomy code was in a Term status.
- Claims with a date of service of Sept. 9, 2021 submitted with 363LA2200X should pend as the enrolled taxonomy code was in Suspend status.
- Claims with a date of service of Oct. 17, 2021 submitted with 363L00000X should pay as the enrolled taxonomy code was in Active status.

3.22.1 Professional Claims Pricing

The general rule for professional claims pricing is if the Billing Provider Taxonomy is 193200000X (multi-specialty) or 193400000X (single specialty), the health plan shall use the Rendering Provider Taxonomy to determine pricing; otherwise, the Billing Provider Taxonomy shall be used to determine pricing.

3.23 Tribal Payment Policy

This Tribal Payment Policy outlines the expectations of the Department regarding payment for covered services to Indian Health Care Providers (IHCP) by a health plan.

IHCP refers to a “health care program operated by the Indian Health Service (IHS) or by an Indian Tribe, Tribal Organization, or Urban Indian Organization (otherwise known as an I/T/U) as defined in section 4 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act (25 U.S.C. 1603).

Providers operated by state recognized tribes are not considered IHCPs.
In the event there are Tribal entities that are not IHS providers but are eligible to enroll as a Medicaid provider as an atypical health provider, the Office of the Chief of the Eastern Band of the Cherokee (EBCI) shall provide a “Tribal Provider Attestation.” This “Tribal Provider Attestation” letter from the

EBCI Chief's office shall be submitted to NC DHHS as part of the NC DHHS centralized credentialing process. The information about tribal providers will be shared with health plans through DHB's existing process

This Policy applies to health plans and covers payment for covered services provided by IHCPs and other Tribal providers. This Policy shall apply to all IHCPs/Tribal providers regardless of the provider's contracting status. The health plan shall implement:

Claim Submission

- Cherokee Indian Hospital (CIHA) will bill for inpatient and outpatient services and will be paid for these services in accordance with current NC Medicaid requirements.

Other Indian Health Service (IHS)/Tribal/Urban (I/T/U) providers/Tribal providers will submit claims utilizing formats currently utilized when billing NCTracks in fee for service.

Payment:

- Eligible Tribal Providers will receive the All-Inclusive Rate (AIR), also referred to as the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) rate, for services rendered at CIHA and using the CIHA Billing NPI. This rate is established annually, published annually in October and effective in January. The health plan shall honor the rate and schedule for implementation. Providers who have other fee schedules or settlement processes with health plan shall continue to follow those arrangements. OMB tribal rates for hospital IP and OP services are included and identified on the hospital fee schedule available on the Fee Schedule and Covered Codes Portal.
- If a member seeks care at an Indian health provider out of state, the services to the member should be reimbursed by the OMB rate if applicable.

- To promote same day access and reduce barriers or burdens to a member such as transportation or taking time off from work, providers receiving the AIR rate may receive multiple different service encounters per day (single day of service) such as but not limited to follows:
    - Medical
    - Dental;
    - Behavioral; and,
    - One other, such as optical
    - The health plan shall reimburse I/T/U pharmacies for pharmacy claims based on the rate and payment logic set forth in the North Carolina Medicaid State Plan. (A maximum of two pharmacy AIR per patient per day).
        - High-cost drugs are excluded and are paid based on NC Medcaid's outpatient pharmacy "lessor of logic".
        - If more than two drugs are filled, additional drugs beyond the two will be paid at $0 and should be used by the health plan for medication reconciliation.
        - The Pharmacy Point of Sale OMB encounter rate (ER) fee schedule is found on the fee schedule and covered codes portal. The fee schedule name is Indian Tribal (I/T/U) Pharmacy fee schedule.
        - There is no Tribal OMB rate for Ambulatory Surgical Center Fee Schedule; the health plan should follow the fee schedule on the fee schedule and covered codes portal.

- **Ambulatory Surgical:**
    - All procedures billed that fall under $1,000 will be billed at the Outpatient OMB Rate.
    - All procedures that are $1,000 and above will be billed at the Medicaid Fee Schedule rate.
- Tribal entity claims will not add up to the AIR rate since the AIR rate is established for all federally recognized Tribes. NC Medicaid adopted the AIR (also known as the OMB rate) as the rate to be used for the reimbursement of services provided by CIHA.

- All non-OMB rates for Tribal payment follows the regular NC Medicaid Direct methodology and fee schedules for health plans, unless otherwise defined in the Tribal Payment Policy.

- Health plan shall comply with Health Plan Contract Section V.D.4.h., Indian Health Care Provider (IHCP) Payments
    - In accordance with 42 C.F.R. § 438.14(c) and consistent with 42 C.F.R. § 438.14(b), the health plan shall reimburse IHCPs as follows:
        - Those that are not enrolled as an FQHC, regardless of whether they participate in the health plan's network:
            - The applicable encounter rate published annually in the Federal Register by the Indian Health Service; or
            - The NC Medicaid Direct rate for services that do not have an applicable encounter rate.
        - Those that are enrolled as FQHCs, but do not participate in the health plan's network, an amount equal to the amount the health plan would pay a network FQHC that is not an IHCP.
    - The health plan shall not reduce payments owed to the Indian Health Service, an Indian Tribe, Tribal Organization, or Urban Indian Organization, or a health care IHCP through cost sharing or other similar charges levied on the Tribal member.
    - The Indian Tribal (I/T/U) Home Health Fee schedule is posted on the fee schedule and covered codes portal and specific to just the Tribe codes and rates.
    - The Skilled Nursing Facility Fee schedule is posted on the fee schedule and covered codes portal and specific to just the Tribe codes and rates.

- Health plan shall comply with Health Plan Contract Section V.F.1., Engagement with Federally Recognized Tribes with regard to providing and maintaining a point of contact for IHCP billing issues to the Department.

The health plan shall comply with the IHCP payment requirements and the IHCP contracting requirements as defined in the Contract.

Prompt Pay

Health plan shall comply with Health Plan Contract Section V.H.1.d., Prompt Payment Standards.

- The health plan shall promptly pay Clean Claims, regardless of provider contracting status. The health plan shall reimburse medical and pharmacy providers in a timely and accurate manner when a clean medical or pharmacy claim is received.
    - Medical Claims

        - The health plan shall, within 18 calendar days of receiving a Medical claim, notify the provider whether the claim is Clean, or Pend the claim and request from the provider all additional information needed to timely process the claim.
        - The health plan shall pay or deny a Clean Medical Claim at lesser of 30 calendar days of receipt of the claim or the first scheduled provider reimbursement cycle following adjudication.
        - A Medical Pended Claim shall be paid or denied within 30 calendar days of receipt of the requested additional information.
    - Pharmacy Claims
        - The health plan shall within 14 calendar days of receiving a Pharmacy Claim pay or deny a Clean Pharmacy Claim or pend the claim and request from the provider all additional information needed to timely process the claim.
        - A Pharmacy Pended Claim shall be paid or denied within 14 calendar days of receipt of the requested additional information.
    - A Medical Pended Claim shall be paid or denied within 30 calendar days of receipt of the requested additional information.
    - If the requested additional information on a Medical or Pharmacy Pended Claim is not submitted within 90 calendar days of the notice requesting the required additional information, the health plan may deny the claim in accordance with N.C. Gen. Stat. § 58-3-225(d).

- The health plan shall reprocess medical and pharmacy claims in a timely and accurate manner as described in this Section (including interest if applicable).

- Timely filing for Standard Plans

    Dates of Service Prior to July 1, 2023

    - Providers must submit claims (excluding Pharmacy point of sale claims) to the health plans within 180 calendar days from the covered date of service or discharge.
    - When a member is retroactively enrolled with a health plan providers must submit claims to the health plans within 180 days from the member's enrollment date, excluding Pharmacy point of sale claims.
    - Pharmacy point of sale claims must be submitted to the health plans within 365 calendar days from the date of the provision of care.

    Dates of Service on or After July 1, 2023

    - For dates of service on or after July 1, 2023, providers must submit claims to the health plans within 365 calendar days from the covered date of service, discharge or provision of care. This applies to the original claim submission and any subsequent corrected claims.
    - When a member is retroactively enrolled with a health plan providers must submit claims to the health plans within 365 days from the member's enrollment date.

    Exceptions

    Unless otherwise agreed to by the PHP and the provider, failure to submit a claim within the time required does not invalidate or reduce any claim if it was not reasonably possible for

the provider to file the claim within that time, provided that the claim is submitted as soon as reasonably possible and in no event, except in the absence of legal capacity of the provider, later than one year from the time submittal of the claim is otherwise required.

- Interest
    - The health plan shall pay interest on late payments to the Provider at the annual percentage rate of 18% beginning on the first day following the date that the claim should have been paid as specified in the Contract.
    - The health plan shall not be subject to interest payments under circumstances specified in N.C. Gen. Stat. § 58-3-225(k).

- The health plan shall maintain written or electronic records of its activities under this Section in accordance with N.C. Gen. Stat. § 58-3-225(i).

- For purposes of actions which must be taken by a health plan as found in Health Plan Contract Section V.H.1.d., Prompt Pay Standards, if the referenced calendar day falls on a weekend or a holiday, the first business day following that day will be considered the date the required action must be taken.

Other Payment Sources

- Due to the change in payer hierarchy, the health plan will allow for timely payment for Tribal providers without delaying payments due to coordination of benefits. Medicare and Medicaid are payers of first resort for Tribal members and providers. Tribal and IHS funds are payers of last resort.
- Tribal self-funded insurance is not a billable source for the EBCI, and therefore, health plan shall not attempt to coordinate benefits with that plan.

Sovereignty

No contractual relationship shall deny or alter tribal sovereignty.

3.24 Value-Based Payments/Alternative Payment Models

The health plan shall direct providers how to bill or receive payment for any value-based payment/alternative payment model arrangement included in the health plan provider contract as described in Section V.E.2 of the Revised and Restated Health Plan Contact.

3.25 Well Child Visit

The preventative health services/periodic screening portion of Medicaid's package of healthcare benefits for children is known as Early and Periodic Screening Diagnostic and Treatment (also referred to as *Health Check)*. The health plan shall provide all EPSDT services without copay or other beneficiary expense, to Medicaid eligible children. The health plan shall pay these services as primary and chase any recoveries from the liable third-party insurance carriers. Furthermore, the health plan shall require all providers to bill well child visits for Medicaid children as defined in the NC Medicaid Health Check Program Guide, including the use of modifier EP respectively. You can find the NC Medicaid Health

Check Program Guide linked in the *More Information* section of the Wellness Visits, and Diagnostic and Treatment Services page.

3.25.1 Vaccines for Children

Vaccine for Children (VFC) coverage should be determined by individual vaccine name and NDC code. Health plans should NOT place VFC edits on CPT codes however VFC edits may be placed on NDCs. A complete list of vaccines and NDCs that qualify for VFC is available on the CDC Vaccines for Children Program's Current CDC Vaccine Price List webpage.

3.26 340B Drugs

The health plan shall require providers to follow the 340B drugs billing requirements as defined in Section V.C.3.h.v. of the Revised and Restated Health Plan Contract.

Consistent with the NC Medicaid: Pharmacy Services Clinical Coverage Policies, all 340B providers must submit the actual purchased drug price in the usual and customary charge field when dispensing 340B drugs. Additionally, providers submitting professional claims with 340B Drug information shall include a "UD" modifier on the applicable claim lines.

Providers may not dispense a 340B-purchased drug and bill Medicaid the calculated Medicaid price for non-340B drugs. For hemophilia drugs, 340B providers may submit the state upper limit established for a 340B purchased hemophilia drug, as defined by the state. 340B providers, when dispensing 340B drugs, must submit POS claims with an '8' in the basis of cost determination field (NCPDP D.0 field 423-DN) and a '20' in the submission clarification code field (NCPDP D.0 field 420-DK) to indicate they are dispensing a 340B product. This is necessary to eliminate duplicate discounts as all 340B claims will be pulled from rebate collections.

3.26.1 Long-Acting Reversible Contraception (LARCs)

Reimbursement methodology for LARCs acquired through the 340B program and utilized in the PADP are reimbursed at a different rate than other 340B acquired drugs. Effective Dec. 1, 2022, LARCs acquired and dispensed under the 340B program, reimbursement is paid at the lesser of actual acquisition cost submitted plus 6% or 340B ceiling price plus 6%.

3.27 Other Insurance

3.27.1 Explanation of Benefits (EOB)

The Council on Affordable Quality Healthcare's (CAQH) Committee on Operating Rules for Information Exchange (CORE) Operating Rules requires health plans to use standard and consistent Claim Adjustment Group Codes (CAGC), Claim Adjustment Reason Codes (CARC) and Remittance Advice Remark Codes (RARC) to communicate claim adjudication outcomes to providers on EDI 835 transactions. To adhere to these rules, health plans are required to use the CAGC and CARC entered on the 837 and apply the CAQH CORE business rule associated with the code combination during the

adjudicating process of secondary claims rather than requiring a separate Explanation of Benefits (EOB) from the primary insurance.

3.27.2 Pay and Chase

The health plan shall pay and then chase for the following services per the federal mandate:

- Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic and Treatment (EPSDT)
- Diagnostic and Treatment (Medical Necessity) after Early and Periodic Screening
- Child Support Enforcement

Early & Periodic Screening

Wellness visits are an essential part of children's health. Medicaid's Early and Periodic Screening benefit covers a program of regular wellness visits called Health Check.

Wellness visits allow health care providers to carefully monitor a child's overall health and development, so that health concerns are identified and addressed early. These visits include services recommended by the American Academy of Pediatrics.

Health plans should identify these services by Modifier EP for Medicaid members.

The required components of Early and Periodic Screening and Child Wellness visit are:

- Comprehensive health and developmental history that assesses for both physical and mental health, as well as for substance use disorders
- Comprehensive, unclothed physical examination
- Appropriate immunizations, in accordance with the schedule for pediatric vaccines established by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices
- Laboratory testing (including blood lead screening appropriate for age and risk factors)
- Health education and anticipatory guidance for both the child and caregiver

Diagnostic and Treatment (Medical Necessity) after Early and Periodic Screening

- EPSDT Medical Necessity Claims Process
    1. Health plans should determine if a prior authorization is approved for EPSDT medical necessity, based on the Health Plan's EPSDT policy.
    2. Health plans shall communicate to the provider whether the prior authorization is approved or denied for EPSDT medical necessity per the plan's EPSDT policy.
    3. If a prior authorization is approved as EPSDT medical necessity, health plans should pay and chase for all claims related to this prior authorization.

Child Support Enforcement

Health plans should pay and chase if the claim is for a service provided to a member on whose behalf the child support enforcement is being carried out:

- The third-party coverage is through an absent parent; and
- The provider certifies that, if the provider has billed a third party, the provider has waited 100 calendar days from the date of service without receiving payment before billing the health plan.
- The child support enforcement population may be identified on the 834 COB loop.

3.27.3 Program and Service Exceptions for TPL and Coordination of Benefits

In addition to medical support enforcement and preventative pediatric services, *Section V. J. Table 1: Program and Service Exceptions for TPL and Coordination of Benefits* lists programs and services that are an exception to the general rule that NC Medicaid is the payer of last resort. As applicable, when a Member of the health plan is entitled to one or more of the following programs or services covered by the health plan, the health plan shall pay and chase the claim

There are several state and federal programs that health plans are required to process claims as the primary payer. The claims for the state and federal programs are exempt for normal coordination of benefits. Providers would identify these programs and members during the initial patient intake. The providers should inquire if the member is enrolled into one of the state or federal programs. The health plans would not be able to identify these populations on the 834.

Section V.J. Table 1: Program and Service Exceptions for TPL and Coordination of Benefits		
Program or Service	**Federal**	**State**
1. Crime Victims Compensation Fund	X	
2. Part B and C of Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)	X	
3. Ryan White Program	X	
4. Indian Health Services	X	
5. Veteran's Benefits for state nursing home per diem payments	X	
6. Veteran's Benefits for emergency treatment provider to certain veterans in a non-VA facility	X	
7. Older American Act Programs	X	
8. World Trade Center Health Program	X	
9. Grantees under the Title V of the Social Security Act	X	
10. Division of Service for the Blind		X
11. Division of Public Health "Purchase of Care" Program		X
12. Vocational Rehabilitation Services		X
13. Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic and Treatment (EPSDT)		X

3.27.4 Third Party Liability (TPL) Bypass Rules

Federal regulations require Medicaid to be the "payer of last resort," meaning that Medicaid claims must be filed through all existing third-party insurance carriers before Medicaid processes the claim. Third-party insurance includes Medicare and any commercial health insurance carriers. Historically Medicaid has several exception situations in which Medicaid will not treat claims as "payer of last resort" and instead Medicaid will pay claim as primary payer.

The following tables provides guidance to recognize those exception situations in which Medicaid will pay claims as primary payer without checking for Third Party Liability.

Commercial Insurance

Health plans shall bypass Third-Party Liability edits and pay claims as the primary payer. Health Plans are not required to pursue recovery from the commercial insurance carrier because NC Medicaid recognizes that commercial insurance carriers typically do not cover the claims.

#	Bypass Rules	Standard Plan	Tailored Plan	PIHP
1	Health plan shall pay as primary payer for Non-Emergency Transportation (NEMT) except when the member is a resident at a Nursing Facility (NF)* if the following rules apply: a. Billing Provider Taxonomy Code is 347E00000X *when a member is a resident at a NF the NEMT services are included in the NF per diem rate and NEMT should not be billed separately.	Y	Y	N/A
2	Health plan shall pay as primary payer for Nursing Facility if the following rules apply: a. Nursing Facility Claim b. And member does not have Long Term Care insurance c. And Billing Provider taxonomy is one of the following: 314000000X, 315P00000X, or 275N00000X	Y	Y	N/A
3	Health plan shall pay as primary payer for Personal Care Services (PCS) if the following rules apply: a. Billing Provider Taxonomy Code is 253Z00000X or 311ZA0620X	Y	Y	N/A
4	Health plan shall pay as primary for pharmacy claims if the following rules apply: a. Member has drug coverage from a third-party b. And other Coverage code is one of the following: i. 01 – No other coverage ii. 02 – Other iii. 03 - Other coverage exists (This claims Not Covered: Claim not covered under primary Third-Party Plan. If primary denied the claim as Refill Too Soon, the claim would be submitted to the secondary payor with the Other Coverage Code-3.) iv. 04 - Other coverage exists (Payment Not Collected: Used when the member has other coverage, and that payor has accepted the claim but did not return any payment. This would be an example in which the member had a deductible amount to meet under the primary payor. The member is responsible for 100% of the payment, and the payor returns $0)	Y	Y	N/A

#	Bypass Rules	Standard Plan	Tailored Plan	PIHP
5	Health plan shall pay as primary payer for Case Management (regardless of provider) if the following rules apply: a. Procedure code is one of the following: G9012, T1016 with Modifier HI, T1017 or T1017 with Modifier HE	Y	Y	Y
6	Health plan shall pay as primary payer for Pregnancy Management Program (PMP) if the following rules apply: a. Procedure code is one of the following S0280 or S0281 b. No other procedure codes on claim	Y	Y	N/A
7	Health plan shall pay as primary payer for only Behavioral Health if the following rules apply: a. Procedure code is one of the following: H0036 or H0046	N	Y	Y
8	Health plan shall pay as primary for Community Based Residential Treatment Facility if the following rules apply: a. Billing Provider Taxonomy code is 320800000X b. And procedure code is one of the following: H0019 or H2020	N	Y	Y
9	Health plan shall pay as primary for Community Behavioral Health Agency if the following rules apply: a. Billing and Rendering Provider Taxonomy Code is 251S00000X b. And procedure code is one of the following: H0010*, H0012, H0013, H0014*, H0015*, H0019, H0020*, H0036, H0038*, H0040, H0046, H2011*, H2012, H2015, H2017, H2020, H2022, H2033, T1023*, S5145 or S9484*, An asterisk (*) denotes that these codes are covered by Standard Plans.	N*	Y	Y
10	Health plan shall pay as primary payer for Home and Community Based Services (1915i/B3) if the following rules apply: a. Procedure code is one of the following: H0043, H0045, H2023, H2026, T1019, or T2013	N	Y	Y
11	Health plan shall pay as primary payer for Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI) Waiver [**ALLIANCE PLAN ONLY**] if the following rules apply: a. Procedure code is one of the following: 97129, 97130, H2011, 97130, H2015 with modifier HQ or UI, H2016, H2025 with modifier HQ, S5102, S5110, S5111, S5125, S5150 with modifier HQ or US, S5165, T1005 with modifier TD and TE, T1015, T1999, T2012 with no modifier or modifier HQ, T2013 with modifier HQ, T2014, T2020, T2021 with modifier HQ, U1 or U2, T2025 with modifier HO, U1 and U2 or U3, T2029, T2033 no modifier, modifier HI or TF, T2034, T2038, T2039, or T2041 with modifier U1	N	Y	N

Medicare Part A, B, or C

Health plans shall bypass Third-Party Liability edits and pay claims as the primary payer. Health plans are not required to pursue recovery from the Medicare carrier because NC Medicaid recognizes that Medicare carriers typically do not cover the claims.

Medicare Part A

#	Bypass Rules	Standard Plan	Tailored Plan	PIHP
1	Health plan shall pay as primary payer if member is living in one of the following: a. State Incarceration b. County/ Local Incarceration c. Federal Incarceration	Y	Y	Y

Medicare Part B or C

The below table may not be all-inclusive, and health plans are encouraged to include any known non-covered Medicare codes in their own internal bypass list.

#	Bypass Rules	Standard Plan	Tailored Plan	PIHP
1	Health plan shall pay as primary payer for Refugees if the following rules apply: a. Member eligibility is refugee	Y	Y	Y
2	Health plan shall pay as primary payer for Emergency services if the following rules apply: a. Member category of eligibility class codes is F, H, O, R, U or V	Y	Y	Y
3	Health plan shall pay as primary payer for Audiology if the following rules apply: a. Procedure code is one of the following: 92590 through 92595	Y	Y	Y

#	Bypass Rules	Standard Plan	Tailored Plan	PIHP
4	Health plan shall pay as primary payer for Optical services if the following rules apply: a. Procedure code is 92015, 92310, 92326, 92340, 92341, 92342, 92353, 92370, S0620, S0621 and V2020 through V2799	Y	Y	Y
5	Health plan shall pay as primary payer for Vision Services if the following rules apply: a. Procedure code is one of the following: 92002 through 92499	Y	Y	Y
6	Health plan shall pay as primary payer for various services if the following rules apply: a. Procedure code is one of the following: 11976, 92015, S0580, 58300, 65760, 65765, 65767, 75556, 78351, ,78608 – 78610, 78630, 78635, 78645, 78645, 78650, 78660, 78699 -78701, 78707 - 78709, 78725, 78730, 78740, 78761, 78799 – 78804, 78808, 80050, 86910, 88099, 92015, 92560, 92590, 92591 through 92595, 99383, 99384, 99385, 99386,99387, 99404, 99412, A4215, A4244, A4260, A4554, A4627, A4927, E0244, E0265, E1300, J1055, J7300, K0005, T4533, V5050, V5090, V5110, V5130, or V5160	Y	Y	Y
7	Health plan shall pay as primary payer for dental procedures if the following rules apply: a. If the provider is a physician rendering the Fluoride Varnish procedure codes D0145 or D1206 on children under age 3.5 usually in conjunction with their well child visit. b. If the provider is Ambulatory Surgery Center (ASC) and bills with procedure code G0330 for facility charges and 41899 for Hospital.	Y	Y	Y
8	Health plan shall pay as primary payer for Crisis Intervention if the following rules apply: a. Procedure code is one of the following: S9484 or H2011	Y	Y	Y

#	Bypass Rules	Standard Plan	Tailored Plan	PIHP
9	Health plan shall pay as primary payer for Alcohol and Drug Abuse Treatment if the following rules apply: a. Procedure code is one of the following: ~~H0001, H0004, H0005~~, H2035* or H0032 An asterisk (*) denotes that these codes are covered by Standard Plans.	N*	Y	Y
10	Health plan shall pay as primary payer for Tailored Case Management (TCM) if the following rules apply: a. Procedure code is T1017, and Modifier is HT	N	Y	Y
11	Health plan shall pay as primary payer for Treatment procedures if the following rules apply: a. Procedure code is one of the following:H0019, H0032, H2020*, H0046, or S5145 An asterisk (*) denotes that these codes are covered by Standard Plans.	N*	Y	Y
12	Health plan shall pay as primary payer for Community Behavioral Health with Treatment for Substance Abuse Disorder (SUD) if the following rules apply: a. Rendering Taxonomy is 251S00000X b. Procedure code is one of the following: H0010*, H0012, HO013, H0014*, H0015*, H0020*, H0036, H0040, H2011*, H2012, H2015, H2017, H2022, H2033, or S9484* An asterisk (*) denotes that these codes are covered by Standard Plans.	N*	Y	Y
13	Health plan shall pay as primary payer for Pregnancy Management Program (PMP) is one of the following: a. Procedure code is one of the following S0280 or S0281 and no other procedure codes are billed on the claim	Y	Y	N/A
14	Health plan shall pay as primary for Community Behavioral Health Agency if the following rules apply: a. Billing and Rendering Provider Taxonomy Code is 251S00000X b. And procedure code is one of the following: T1023 or H0038	N	Y	N

3.28 Electronic Attachments

To help reduce claim denials, ensure prompt payment, and reduce administrative burden on providers, the Department expects the Standard Plans and Tailored Plans to allow for electronic submission of consent forms and all other claim attachments including but not limited to Certificates of Medical Necessity (CMNs), invoices, discharge summaries, operative reports, sterilization consent forms and child medical exam checklists.

3.29 Transaction Fees

Health plans are required to have a no cost option for any provider to elect payments by EFT and to transmit claims to their clearinghouses. Requiring transaction fees including but not limited to clearinghouse fees and EFT fees are in violation of rate floors. Health plans must provide a no-cost option for processing all claim types.

3.30 Line Service Unit and NDC Fields on Claims and Encounters

a) On medical encounters/claims for IV fluids, plans should require providers to include the HCPCS unit (i.e., number of bags) in the Line Service Unit Count field. For example, your plan should not send 14000 in the Line Service Unit Count field to represent 14 bags of fluid (1000 mL each), but instead should send a unit of 14.
   i) Please Note: For IV fluid NDCs the Line Service Unit or Basis for Measurement Code field should always be "UN", which is why the Line Service Unit Count would be 14 (to represent the number of bags).
   ii) Additionally, the Line NDC Unit Count and the Line NDC Unit or Basis for Measurement Code field need to be consistent with the NDC units.
      (1) For a 1,000 mL bag, in which 14 bags were administered, the following should be submitted:
         (a) Option 1:
            (i) Line Service Unit or Basis for Measurement Code: UN
            (ii) Line Service Unit Count: 14
            (iii) Line NDC Unit or Basis for Measurement Code: UN
            (iv) Line NDC Unit Count: 14
         (b) Option 2:
            (i) Line Service Unit or Basis for Measurement Code: UN
            (ii) Line Service Unit Count: 14
            (iii) Line NDC Unit or Basis for Measurement Code: ML
            (iv) Line NDC Unit Count: 14000

3.31 Claims Guidance for Provider Enrollment File

3.31.1 Provider Location Matching Guidance:

For the processing of claims:

- Health plans should not consider the rendering or attending provider's service location when adjudicating claims; validation should be based on the provider's taxonomy information.

- Health plans shall select an in-network location when both in-network and out of network matches are found using the below matching criteria.

- If the Individual Provider Rendering Only Indicator is True, then the plan should not render payment to the individual NPI, whether the agency independently bills for services or uses an individual provider as a Billing provider on claims.

- Health plans shall match the claim to the billing provider using the NPI, taxonomy code, and billing provider's zip plus four (nine digits).
    - If there are multiple matches found, the health plans shall select one of the matches found.
    - If no matches are found, the health plans shall match the claim to the billing provider using the NPI, taxonomy code, and billing provider's zip code (five digits).

- Health plans shall validate the affiliation between a rendering provider and a billing provider for the billing provider's NPI. Affiliated organizations are found on the PEF under the Affiliated Organization Section.

- After matching the claim to a provider, health plans shall use the provider's taxonomy information to determine what services the provider is eligible to perform.

3.31.2 Out of Network Provider Affiliation Guidance

Health plans should ensure that all affiliated individual providers contracted with the health plan are reported on the Provider Network File (PNF) as contracted providers, each on a separate row. When health plans contract with a provider group, all individual providers affiliated and contracted under the provider group tax identification (TIN) should be validated against the Provider Enrollment File (PEF) as active participants with NC Medicaid. The PEF is a file health plans receive daily with the latest provider information from NCTracks. The PEF is a segmented file and is not intended as a full replacement file so historical data must be maintained by the health plans. To ensure that providers do not receive inaccurate out-of-network denials, the PEF should be the source of truth when loading all affiliated individual providers under a contracted TIN.

3.31.3 NPI Attending Provider Field for Prepaid Inpatient Health Plan (PIHP) ONLY

Per X12 HIPAA guidelines, providers (such as ICF IID and PRTF) should be entering an individual NPI in the attending provider field on institutional claim forms. The attending provider does not need to be employed by the facility but is the individual who has responsibility for the medical care/treatment on this beneficiary.

3.32 Psych/Rehab Hospital Reimbursement Guidelines for Inpatient Hospital Claims

1. If the claim is billed with one of the following billing provider ~~taxonomy is~~ taxonomies and one of the following DRGs, Health P should reimburse at least 100% of the per diem rates for Psych/Rehab Services, as they are included in the designation of hospital rate floor services outlined in the hospital fee schedules. ~~Health plans are allowed to negotiate rates for Psych services per diem rates with managed care providers~~:

    a. Psych/Rehab ~~is identified by the provider type (t~~Taxonomy:~~)~~
        i. ~~If the billing provider taxonomy is~~ 27640000X or 282N00000X (General Acute Care Hospital), 283Q00000X (Psychiatric Hospital), 284300000X (Special Hospital), 273R00000X (Psychiatric Unit) or 273Y00000X (Rehabilitation Unit) ~~claim should price as per diem at the health Plan/Provider negotiated rate, regardless of the diagnosis codes which drive to the DRG code.~~

    b. Psych/Rehab DRG:
        i. PSYCH - '0880' THRU '0887', '0894' THRU '0897', '0876'
        (Claim is reimbursed from Hospital Psych Per Diem Fee Schedule)
        ii. REHAB - '0945' '0946'
        (Claim is reimbursed from Hospital Rehab Per Diem Fee Schedule)

        iii. ~~If the billing provider taxonomy is 284300000X or 273Y00000X claim should price as rehab per diem at the Medicaid established Fee schedule rate, regardless of the diagnosis codes which drive to the DRG code.~~

~~2. Health plans should align to the most current grouper version the State is utilizing as the diagnosis/DRG mapping happens within the grouper software. Diagnosis list could potentially change annually. **NCTracks does not house a mapping/crosswalk.**~~

~~a. Diagnosis codes are a key component to determining which DRG is selected. The most current grouper version can be found at the following CMS link: MS-DRG Classifications and Software | CMS~~

~~i. If the billing provider taxonomy is 282N00000X or 27640000X, 283Q00000X, or 284300000X (General Acute Care Hospital, Psychiatric Hospital, Special Hospital) and any of the DRG listed below are used, price as psych and rehab per diem~~

~~ii. MDC 19 and 20 for Psych DRGs and MDC 23 for Rehab DRGs:~~

~~1. PSYCH - '0880' THRU '0887', '0894' THRU '0897', '0876'~~

~~2. REHAB - '0945' '0946'~~

~~iii. Otherwise, for other DRGs, claim should price using the DRG Payment methodology~~

3.33 High Dollar Review and Itemized Bills Guidance

If a health plan performs pre and post payment reviews, it may only be based on the codes submitted by the provider and the health plans may not downcode or otherwise manipulate claims submitted by providers as a result of the reviews.

High Dollar Pre-Payment – High dollar pre-payment reviews requiring itemized bills shall meet the following criteria:

- Health plans shall clearly define the high dollar threshold for pre-payment reviews and communicate it to providers in writing 30 days prior to requiring itemized bills so that they can submit the itemized bill proactively to avoid payment delays.

High Dollar Pre-Payment – High dollar pre-payment reviews requiring itemized bills must meet the following criteria:

- Health plans must clearly define the high dollar threshold for pre-payment reviews and communicate it to providers in writing 30 days prior to requiring itemized bills so that they can submit the itemized bill proactively to avoid payment delays.
- Health plans must have the capability to accept electronic attachments for itemized bills through portal and EDI submission.
- Health plans can define high dollar pre-payment review requirements for hospital inpatient claims with a header or total billed amount greater than $250k. Health plans high dollar review thresholds for hospital inpatient claims may be set above $250k.
- Health plans can define high dollar pre-payment review requirements for hospital outpatient claims with a header or total billed amount greater than $75k. Health plans high dollar review thresholds for hospital outpatient claims may be set above $75k.
- Health plans can define high dollar pre-payment review requirements for professional claims with a header or total billed amount greater than $25k. Health plans high dollar review thresholds for professional claims may be set above $25k
- To minimize provider administrative burden, health plans defining different high dollar thresholds must base it on billed amount so that providers know when the itemized bill needs to be included with the claim.

High Dollar Post-Payment – High dollar post-payment reviews requiring itemized bills must meet the following criteria:

- Health plans have the capability to electronically receive itemized bills for post-payment reviews
- Health plans cannot request itemized bills for high dollar post-payment reviews if the claim did not meet the DHHS-defined pre-payment review thresholds

3.34 Independent Lab Reimbursement

Health plans shall follow the independent lab reimbursement methodology as currently outlined in the State Plan.

However, *when clinical laboratories services are provided on behalf of a hospital inpatient or critical access hospital inpatient, payment will be made to the hospital and not to the clinical laboratory (see attachment 4.18 B, section 3, of the State Plan).* The independent lab shall bill the hospital to receive reimbursement for these services.

The hospital shall then bill the services, including any independent laboratory services, to the health plans. It is the expectation that health plans reimburse the hospital for the clinical laboratory services billed and not the clinical laboratory. Health plans shall reimburse all Hospital Outpatient Laboratory providers under Managed care based on the Health Plan Managed Care Hospital Outpatient Laboratory Fee schedule provided by NC Medicaid.

3.35 Known System Issues

I. The health plan shall develop, maintain, and share a Known System Issues Tracker with providers through newsletters, provider portal, and/or health plan website on a weekly basis to keep providers informed on all known health plan system issues with provider impact.

II. The Known System Issues tracker shall include the following information, at a minimum:
   a. Provider Type: type of provider(s) impacted by the system issue (e.g., hospital, pediatrics);
   b. Number of Impacted Providers: number of known providers impacted by the system issue;
   c. Category: type of system issue (e.g., claims, eligibility, provider, prior approval);
   d. Issue: detailed description of the system issue and implications. If claims related, include the estimated number of claims impacted and the estimated total billed amount;
   e. Date Issue Found: month, day, and year the health plan identified the system issue;
   f. Number of Days Outstanding: number of days this issue has been open;
   g. Estimated Fix Date: month, day, and year the health plan plans to have this system issue resolved;
   h. Status: status of the issue (open, ongoing, or closed);
   i. Resolution: description of the actions taken to resolve the system issue. If applicable, include claims adjustment/reprocessing timeline and make a note of resolved issues with pending adjustments/pending reprocessing. For pending adjustments, include estimated date of completion;
   j. Interest Owed: whether interest will be applied (Yes or No); and
   k. Date Resolved: month, day, and year the health plan resolved this system issue.

III. The health plan shall maintain each item on the Known Issues Tracker for at least ninety (90) Calendar Days after resolution of the issue.-

IV. The health plan shall include the link to the Known Issues Tracker in the Provider Manual.

3.36 Payments for Non-Rate Floor Permanent Rates

Rate differentials do not apply to non-rate floor permanent rates established after the end date of the temporary Covid-19 rates for the specific program service. Health plans are obligated to pay rate differentials on non-rate floor permanent rates established during the Public Health Emergency that include a temporary COVID-19 add-on amount for claims billed with dates of service falling within the Public Health Emergency period.

3.36.1 Lesser of Payment Methodology

Claims are paid using the "lesser-of" logic which means if the service is covered by Medicaid and Medicare (or a primary health insurance carrier) then Medicaid would pay the lessor of either the Medicare or the other insurance carrier's calculated cost-share or the difference between the amount paid by the other insurance carrier and the Medicaid state plan rate. Please refer to the Third-Party Liability Medicaid Billing manual for guidance. Please refer to the secondary claims page on NCTracks to see an example of the calculation.

Link: Provider Policies, Manuals, Guidelines and Forms - Provider Policies, Manuals, Guidelines and Forms (nc.gov)

Link: Secondary Claims - Secondary Claims (nc.gov)

3.37 Rate Floors

For any provider subject to a rate floor as outlined in Section V.B.4.iv. Provider Payments, except DME providers, a Behavioral Health and Intellectual/Developmental Disabilities Tailored Plan may include a provision in the provider's contract that the Tailored Plan will pay the lesser of billed charges or the rate floor only if the provider and the Tailored Plan have mutually agreed to an alternative reimbursement amount or methodology which includes a "lesser than" provision. Health plans shall not include a "lesser than" provision for services that are reimbursed through the non-risk-based payments. A Tailored Plan shall not consider a provider who is subject to a rate floor to have refused to contract based upon the provider's refusal to agree to a "lesser than" provision.

An alternative reimbursement agreement is not required for health plans to pay more than 100% of the rate floor rate.

3.38 Rate Differentials

When a rate differential is identified for non-rate floor services, health plans are required to pay the rate in addition to contracted rates. The rate differential is already included in the posted fee schedules on the Fee Schedule and Covered Codes Portal. Therefore, health plans paying the rate from the DHHS fee schedule do not need to pay the rate differential.

3.39 Telehealth Codes and Modifiers

Telehealth, virtual communication, and remote patient monitoring claims should be filed with the provider's usual place of service code(s) and not place of service 02.

- Providers should use the GT modifier when the policy says that telehealth is allowed. Modifier GT must be appended to the CPT or HCPCS code to indicate that a service has been provided via two-way real-time interactive audio-visual communication. This modifier should not be used for virtual patient communications (including telephonic evaluation and management services) or remote patient monitoring.

- Providers should use the CR modifier for telehealth that is only available to use during a State of Emergency (SOE) or Public Health Emergency (PHE)

3.40 Pended Claims

A Medical Pended Claim shall be paid or denied within 30 calendar days of receipt of the requested additional information. If the health plan holds a Pended claim longer than 30 calendar days from the receipt of the requested additional information, the health plans shall pay interest beginning the first day following the date on which the claim should have been paid. If the requested additional information on a Medical Pended Claim is not submitted within 90 calendar days of the notice requesting the required additional information, the health plan may deny the claim.

Health plans are required to process claims in accordance with N.C.G.S. 58-3-225 and as follows:

Pursuant to NCGS 58-3-225(g), if a claim for which the claimant is a health care provider or health care facility has not been paid or denied within 60 days after receipt of the initial claim, the insurer shall send a claim status report to the insured. The report shall indicate that the claim is under review and the insurer is communicating with the health care provider or health care facility to resolve the matter. While a claim remains unresolved, the insurer shall send a claim status report to the insured with a copy to the provider 30 days after the previous report was sent.

- The health plan shall, within 18 calendar days of receiving a Medical Claim, notify the provider whether the claim is Clean, or Pend the claim and request from the provider all additional information needed to timely process the claim.

- Every insurer shall maintain written or electronic records of its activities as stated in the health plan Contract in accordance with NCGS 58-3-225(i) to include “records of when each claim was received, paid, denied, or pended, and the insurer's review and handling of each claim under this section, sufficient to demonstrate compliance with this section.”

- Pursuant to NCGS 58-3-225(j), a violation of this section by an insurer subjects the insurer to the sanctions in G.S. 58-2-70. The authority of the Commissioner under this subsection does not impair the right of a claimant to pursue any other action or remedy available under law. With respect to a specific claim, an insurer paying statutory interest in good faith under this section is not subject to sanctions for that claim under this subsection.

Examples in which a claim must pend versus deny for additional information includes, but is not limited to, Certificates of Medical Necessity (CMNs), invoices, discharge summaries and operative reports, sterilization consent forms and child medical exam checklists.

3.41 Clean Claim Date Guidance

1. For claims submitted with all information that is necessary to process the claim the clean claim date should be the date received (Including Value Based Purchasing (VBP), Non-Emergency Medical Transportation (NEMT) and Vision claims).

2. For claims from providers under investigation for fraud and abuse, the clean claim date should be the date the investigation is closed (Including VBP, NEMT and Vision claims).

3. For claims submitted without all information that is necessary to process the claim the clean claim date should be the date the additional information is received (Including VBP, NEMT and Vision claims).

4. For claims submitted with provider taxonomies or health plans that are suspended, the clean claim date should be the date the taxonomy or health plan status changes to active or terminated.

5. For NCPDP transactions the clean claim date should be the adjudicated date.

6. For claims submitted prior to PML determination, the clean claim date can be no earlier than the date the PML has been received on the X12 834.

~~3.42 Adjustments~~

3.43 DPU vs. Non-DPU Inpatient Stays with Both Behavioral Health and Physical Health Services

Effective with the launch of Tailored Plans, providers will be reimbursed according to the following methodologies for inpatient stays with behavioral and physical health services:

- Hospital providers with a Distinct Part Unit (DPU) will split the inpatient stays into behavioral health and physical health claims and submit the claims with the appropriate diagnosis code since there will be a separate Acute Care NPI and sub-Acute Care NPI that requires a discharge and an admit.
- Hospital providers without a Distinct Part Unit will submit a single claim with both physical health and behavioral health services to the Tailored Plan. Behavioral health and physical health services will be covered using the appropriate DRG methodology.

This reimbursement guidance follows an internal review of our State Plan Authority related to the hospital inpatient reimbursement plan (Attachment 4.19-A, page 7)

As stated in Attachment 4.19-A, page 7, of the State Plan Amendment, *Transfers occurring within general hospitals from acute care services to non-DPU psychiatric or rehabilitation services are not eligible for reimbursement under this Section. The entire hospital stay in these instances shall be reimbursed under the DRG methodology.*

3.44 Inpatient Stays with Enrollment or Eligibility Changes

DRG and Outlier Claims

Changes in Enrollment:
In instances where a member's enrollment changes (member changes between health plans or between NC Medicaid Direct full coverage and a health plan) and there is no lapse in Medicaid coverage during a DRG-based inpatient stay, the payer assigned to the member on the "*from"* date of service is responsible for the DRG base payment. This payer is also responsible for the entire Cost or Day Outlier payment, if applicable according to the State Plan. DRG and outlier payment calculations cannot be split and must consider the total number of days during the entire length of stay based on the DRG and the Outlier payment methodology rules respectively for determining actual days to be paid.

Example Scenarios:

1. Change from NC Medicaid Direct full coverage to health plan: Member goes to the ER on 12/31/22 and then has an inpatient stay from 1/1/23 - 2/6/23. The member moves from NC Medicaid Direct to health plan A on 2/1/23.
    a. From date of service = 12/31/22
    b. Admit date = 1/1/23
    c. Discharge date = 2/6/23

    NC Medicaid Direct is responsible on the from date of service; therefore, NC Medicaid Direct is responsible for the full inpatient stay and the outlier payment. The DRG and outlier calculations should consider the full stay from 12/31/22 - 2/6/23.

2. Change between health plans: Member goes to the ER on 1/15/23 and then has an inpatient stay from 1/16/23 - 2/3/23. The member moves from health plan A to health plan B on 2/1/23.
    a. From date of service = 1/15/23
    b. Admit date = 1/16/23
    c. Discharge date = 2/3/23

    Health plan A is responsible on the from date of service therefore health plan A is responsible for the full inpatient stay and the outlier payment. The DRG and outlier calculations should consider the full stay from 1/15/23 - 2/3/23.

3. Change from health plan to NC Medicaid Direct : Member goes to the ER on 1/20/23 and then has an inpatient stay from 1/21/23 - 2/7/23. The member moves from health plan C to NC Medicaid Direct on 2/1/23.
    a. From date of service = 1/20/23
    b. Admit date = 1/21/23
    c. Discharge date = 2/7/23

    Health plan C is responsible on the from date of service therefore health plan C is responsible for the full inpatient stay and the outlier payment. The DRG and outlier calculations should consider the full stay from 1/20/23 - 2/7/23.

Changes in Medicaid Eligibility:

In instances where a member's Medicaid eligibility changes (ex. Medicaid eligibility starts or ends) and there is no immediately prior period of Medicaid managed care or NC Medicaid Direct enrollment with inpatient coverage, the first eligible payer of record during a DRG-based inpatient stay, (NC Medicaid Direct /health plan) is responsible for the DRG base payment. This payer is also responsible for the Cost or Day Outlier payment, if applicable. Day Outlier payments are based on Medicaid eligible days only. Cost outlier payments are based on established Cost Thresholds.

When a patient is admitted in a hospital, that hospital assigns a DRG when the patient is discharged, based on the diagnosis the patient received and the treatment that patient needed during their hospital stay. The number of Medicaid eligible days are not relevant to the assignment of the DRG.

Per Diem Claims

In instances where a member's enrollment changes during a per-diem-based stay, NC Medicaid Direct /the health plan is responsible only for the dates of service in which the member is enrolled with their plan. The provider should split the claim and bill the respective dates of service to the respective Plans responsible for the dates of service in which the member was enrolled with their plan.

Example Scenarios:

1. Change from NC Medicaid Direct to health plan: Member goes to the ER on 12/31/22 and then has a per-diem-based inpatient stay from 1/1/23 - 2/14/23. The member moves from NC Medicaid Direct to health plan A on 2/1/23.
    a. From date of service = 12/31/22
    b. Admit date = 1/1/23
    c. Change in Plan = 2/1/23
    d. Discharge date = 2/14/23

    NC Medicaid Direct is responsible only for the dates of service in which the member is enrolled; therefore, NC Medicaid Direct is responsible for the payment from 12/31/22 - 1/31/23. health plan A is responsible only for the dates of service in which the member is enrolled with their plan therefore health plan A is responsible for payment from 2/1/23 - 2/14/23. The provider submits separate claims to NCTracks and health plan A for the applicable dates of service.

2. Change between health plans: Member goes to the ER on 1/15/23 and then has a per-diem-based inpatient stay from 1/16/23 - 3/31/23. The member moves from health plan A to health plan B on 3/1/23.
    a. From date of service = 1/15/23
    b. Admit date = 1/16/23
    c. Change in Plan = 3/1/23
    d. Discharge date = 3/31/23

    Health plan A is responsible only for the dates of service in which the member is enrolled with their plan therefore health plan A is responsible for payment from 1/15/23 - 2/28/2023. Health plan B is responsible only for the dates of service in which the member is enrolled with their plan therefore health plan B is responsible for payment from 3/1/23 - 3/31/23. The provider submits separate claims to health plan A and health plan B for the applicable dates of service.

3. Change from health plan to NC Medicaid Direct: Member goes to the ER on 1/20/23 and then has a per-diem-based inpatient stay from 1/21/23 - 2/7/23. The member moves from health plan C to NC Medicaid Direct on 2/1/23.
    a. From date of service = 1/20/23
    b. Admit date = 1/21/23
    c. Change in Plan = 2/1/23
    d. Discharge date = 2/7/23

    Health plan C is responsible only for the dates of service in which the member is enrolled with their plan therefore health plan C is responsible for payment from 1/20/23 - 1/31/23. NC Medicaid Direct is responsible only for the dates of service in which the member is enrolled, therefore NC Medicaid Direct is responsible for payment from 2/1/23 - 2/7/23. The provider submits separate claims to NCTracks and health plan C for the applicable dates of service.

3.45 Remittance Advice Guidance

Health plans are required to clearly communicate claim outcomes to providers through the remittance advice. The remittance advice shall include the following:

- Itemized information for each claim and/or service line enabling the provider to associate the adjudication decisions with those submitted claims/lines.
- The reason and the value of each adjustment
- For each line that is denied, all applicable denial reasons shall be notated.
- The Council on Affordable Quality Healthcare's (CAQH) Committee on Operating Rules for Information Exchange (CORE) Operating Rules requires health plans to use standard and consistent Claim Adjustment Group Codes (CAGC), Claim Adjustment Reason Codes (CARC) and Remittance Advice Remark Codes (RARC) to communicate claim adjudication outcomes to providers on EDI 835 transactions. The combination of these codes shall align with the CAQH CORE Operating Rules
- Interest amount (identified on the encounter with CARC code 225 - Penalty or Interest Payment by Payer)

3.46 Professional Dispensing Fee

The Professional Dispensing Fee (PDF) is currently established at a flat fee of $10.24 per prescription, as determined by the Cost of Dispensing Study conducted on behalf of NCDHHS, Division of Health Benefits every five years.

The PDF is paid every time a drug is dispensed, including emergency dispensations (including the one emergency fill allowed through the lock-in program per year). Effective Dec. 1, 2022, the policy requiring only one PDF per drug, per member, per pharmacy, per month was removed.

3.47 Endoscopy Codes and Pricing

A value of '3' in the Multiple Procedure field on the 2023 National Physician Fee Schedule Relative Value File January Release indicates special rules for multiple endoscopic procedures are to be applied if the procedure is billed with another endoscopy in the same family (i.e., another endoscopy that has the same base procedure). The base procedure for each code with this indicator is identified in the endoscopic base code field.

Multiple endoscopy pricing rules will be applied to a family before it is ranked with other procedures performed on the same day (i.e., when multiple endoscopies in the same family are reported on the same day as endoscopies from another family, or on the same day as a non-endoscopic procedure).

If an endoscopic procedure and its base procedure code are billed on the same day, no separate payment will be made for the base code. Payment for the base code is included in the payment for the other endoscopy.

If an endoscopic **BASE** procedure is billed with a 51 modifier with other procedures that are not endoscopies (i.e., surgical procedures), the standard multiple surgery guidelines apply.

Examples of Medicaid Pricing

Single endoscopy code and its base code

- The health plan denies the base code because the allowance for the base code is included in the allowance for the single endoscopy code.

Multiple endoscopies in the same family

- The health plan determines the highest-paying procedure and allows payment at 100%.
- For the other endoscopies, the health plan subtracts the allowance for the family's base code from the allowance for the related endoscopy and allows the difference.

Multiple endoscopic procedures in different families

For the first

- The health plan determines the allowance for the highest paying procedure and pays at 100%.
- The health plan determines the allowance for the other related endoscopic procedures by subtracting the allowance for the family's base code from the allowance for the related endoscopy and pays the difference.

For second or subsequent family on the same date of service family

- The health plan follows the same method of determining the allowance for each procedure reported within a family.
- The health plan determines the total allowance for each "family" and pays the family with the highest allowance at 100% and the remaining family at 50%.

Multiple endoscopies in one family reported with one endoscopy from a different family.

For the first family

- The health plan determines the allowance for the highest paying procedure and pays at 100%.
- The health plan determines the allowance for the other related endoscopic procedures by subtracting the allowance for the family's base code from the allowance for the related endoscopy and pays the difference.

For the endoscopy in a different family

- The health plan considers that code to be a separate family and obtains the allowance for this code.
- The health plan determines the total allowance for each "family" and pays the family with the highest allowance at 100% and the remaining family at 50%.

One endoscopy in one family reported with one endoscopy from a different family

- The health plan pays the highest paying procedure at 100% of the allowance.
- The health plan pays the other endoscopy at 50% of its allowance.

Multiple endoscopies in one family and one is that family's base code reported with multiple endoscopies in a different family

For the family that includes the base code

- The health plan determines the allowance for the highest paying related procedure and pays at 100%.
- The health plan denies the base code because the allowance for the base code is included in the allowance for the highest paying procedure.
- The health plan determines the allowance of any subsequent related procedure(s) and subtracts the allowance of the base code

For the endoscopies in the other family(s)

- The health plan determines the allowance for the highest paying related procedure and pays at 100%.
- The health plan determines the allowance of any subsequent related procedure(s) and subtracts the allowance of the base code
- The health plan determines the total allowance for each "family" and pays the family with the highest allowance at 100% and the remaining family at 50%.

3.48 Behavioral Health vs Physical Health Claims Guidance

The objective of this guidance is to differentiate behavioral health and physical health claims for Tailored Plans. This behavioral health – physical health guidance is used for claims processing for closed network logic and consistent claim routing logic for Tailored Plans that use a Standard Plan partner to process physical health claims. This logic is not intended to be used for reimbursement methodology. Health plans are required to use rate floor fee schedules as described in their contract regardless of whether a claim is classified as behavioral health or physical health. While this document will be maintained with regular updates, health plans are responsible for incorporating policy changes and covered code changes within required timelines.

Behavioral Health claims, for purposes of claims processing, shall be identified using a hierarchy system encompassing the following levels. If any claim line meets the criteria within a level, the entire claim should be categorized according to that level. Since it is not possible to account for every potential scenario in the BH/PH Claims Guidance, Plans have the flexibility to add configurations to their systems to address additional scenarios as needed. This guidance should be used in conjunction with all other

relevant documents and member information (i.e. Health Check Program Guide, Clinical Policy, Member's benefit, etc.).

Level	**Logic by Level**
Level 1: Emergency Department Claims *Only applicable for claim routing logic for Behavioral Health and Physical Health Claims*	**Institutional Claims:** Claims submitted with an emergency department (ED) revenue or procedure code and a primary/ principal diagnosis code listed below will be considered as Behavioral Health claim. Primary/Principal Diagnosis Codes • Behavioral Health Diagnoses (between F01xx-F99xx) • Suicide Attempt (beginning with T14.91) • Emotional State Symptoms and Signs (beginning with R45) And Either a revenue code or procedure code listed below: • Rev Codes: 450-452, 456, 459 • Procedure Codes: 99281-99285, 99288
	Professional Claims: Claims submitted with Emergency Room procedure codes and a Behavioral Health Primary Diagnosis code included below will be considered a professional Behavioral Health Emergency Department claim. **Behavioral Health Primary/Principal Diagnosis Codes** • Behavioral Health Diagnoses (between F01xx-F99xx) • Suicide Attempt (beginning with T14.91) • Emotional State Symptoms and Signs (beginning with R45) **And** • Procedure Codes: 99281-99285, 99288

Level	**Logic by Level**
Level 2: Institutional Outpatient Claims *Only applicable for claim routing logic for Behavioral Health and Physical Health Claims*	Claims must satisfy one of the following criteria: • Claims submitted with a revenue code included in the ***Behavioral Health Exclusive Institutional Revenue Codes*** table will be considered a Behavioral Health Institutional claim. OR • Claims which have a procedure code included in the ***Procedure Codes Exclusive to Behavioral Health*** table below will be considered a Behavioral Health claim OR • Claims submitted with a revenue code in the **Institutional Codes Identified By Diagnosis** table below **AND** not a Nursing Home (without a billing provider taxonomy of 314000000X) **AND** without type of bill 66X (Intermediate Care Level II) **AND** a Behavioral health primary/principal diagnosis code included below will be considered a Behavioral Health Institutional claim. **Behavioral Health Primary/Principal Diagnosis Codes** • Behavioral Health Diagnoses (between F01xx-F99xx) • Suicide Attempt (beginning with T14.91) • Emotional State Symptoms and Signs (beginning with R45)

Level 3: Institutional Inpatient Claims	Claims must satisfy one of the following criteria: • Claims submitted with a BH DRG as noted on the DRG Weight Table Fee Schedule OR • Claims submitted with one of the following Behavioral Health Revenue Codes: 0114, 0116, 0124, 0126, 0134,0136, 0144, 0146, 0154, 0156, and 0204 **AND** not a Nursing Home (without a billing provider taxonomy of 314000000X) **AND** without with type of bill 66x (Intermediate Care Level II) will be considered a Behavioral Health Institutional Inpatient claim. OR • Claims submitted using a Behavioral Health primary/principal diagnosis code included below **Behavioral Health Primary/Principal Diagnosis Codes** • Behavioral Health Diagnoses (between F01xx-F99xx) • Suicide Attempt (beginning with T14.91) • Emotional State Symptoms and Signs (beginning with R45) **AND** a Revenue Code included from the following range: 101–182, 184–219 **AND** not a Nursing Home (without a billing provider taxonomy of 314000000X) **AND** without with type of bill 66x (Intermediate Care Level II) will be considered a Behavioral Health Institutional Inpatient claim. All other Institutional claims will be considered a Physical Health claim. ***Note:*** *Diagnosis codes mapped to a DRG included in the CMS Crosswalk must remain aligned with CMS expectations and cannot be added or removed. Claim BH/PH identification may not align with DRG assignment during claim adjudication. Health Plans are expected to use the DRG grouper for claim payment, not the BH/PH definition.*

Level	**Logic by Level**
Level 4: Procedure Codes Exclusive to Behavioral Health	Claims which have a procedure code included in the **Procedure Codes Exclusive to Behavioral Health** table below will be considered a Behavioral Health claim
Level 5 Primary Care Physicians – Physical Health	Claims with a primary care billing or rendering provider taxonomy will be considered Physical Health: • 207Q00000X, 207QA0000X, 207QA0505X, 207QG0300X, 207R00000X, 207RA0000X, 207RG0300X, 207V00000X, 207VG0400X, 207VX0000X, 208000000X, 2080A0000X, 208D00000X, 363A00000X, 363L00000X, 363LA2200X, 363LF0000X, 363LG0600X, 363LP0200X, 363LP1700X, 363LP2300X, 363LW0102X, 363LX0001X, 364S00000X, 364SG0600X, 364SF0001X and 367A00000X
Level 6: Shared Procedure Codes	• Claims with the rendering provider taxonomy is included in the **Behavioral Health Provider Taxonomy Codes** table below **and** procedure code on claim lines is included in the **Procedure Codes Shared by Physical and Behavioral Health** table below OR • Claims with the procedure code on claim lines included in the **Procedure Codes Shared by Physical and Behavioral Health** table below **and** a Behavioral Health primary diagnosis below: Behavioral Health Primary Diagnosis Codes • Behavioral Health Diagnoses (between F01xx-F99xx) • Suicide Attempt (beginning with T14.91) • Emotional State Symptoms and Signs (beginning with R45)
Level 7: Behavioral Health Taxonomies	Any claims not assigned in previous levels will be considered Behavioral Health if it has one of the Provider Taxonomy Codes in the Behavioral Health Provider Taxonomy Codes table.
Level 8: All Other Claims	Claims that have not been identified in any of the above levels will be considered a Physical Health claim.

Appendix A – Behavioral Health vs Physical Health Claims

Procedure Codes Exclusive to Behavioral Health

Procedure Codes Exclusive to Behavioral Health	
Procedure Code	**Description**
90785	PSYTX COMPLEX INTERACTIVE
90791	PSYCH DIAGNOSTIC EVALUATION
90792	PSYCH DIAG EVAL W/MED SRVCS
90832	PSYTX W PT 30 MINUTES
90833	PSYTX W PT W E/M 30 MIN
90834	PSYTX W PT 45 MINUTES
90836	PSYTX W PT W E/M 45 MIN
90837	PSYTX W PT 60 MINUTES `
90838	PSYTX W PT W E/M 60 MIN
90839	PSYTX CRISIS INITIAL 60 MIN
90840	PSYTX CRISIS EA ADDL 30 MIN
90845	PSYCHOANALYSIS
90846	FAMILY PSYTX W/O PT 50 MIN
90847	FAMILY PSYTX W/PT 50 MIN
90849	MULTIPLE FAMILY GROUP PSYTX
90853	GROUP PSYCHOTHERAPY
90899	UNLISTED PSYC SVC/THERAPY
96130	PSYCL TST EVAL PHYS/QHP 1ST
96131	PSYCL TST EVAL PHYS/QHP EA
96132	NRPSYC TST EVAL PHYS/QHP 1ST
96133	NRPSYC TST EVAL PHYS/QHP EA
96136	PSYCL/NRPSYC TST PHY/QHP 1ST
96137	PSYCL/NRPSYC TST PHY/QHP EA
96138	PSYCL/NRPSYC TECH 1ST
96139	PSYCL/NRPSYC TST TECH EA
97152	BHV ID SUPRT ASSMT BY 1 TECH
97153	ADAPTIVE BEHAVIOR TX BY TECH
97154	GRP ADAPT BHV TX BY TECH
97157	MULT FAM ADAPT BHV TX GDN
H0010	ALCOHOL AND/OR DRUG SERVICES
H0012	ALCOHOL AND/OR DRUG SERVICES
H0013	ALCOHOL AND/OR DRUG SERVICES
H0014	ALCOHOL AND/OR DRUG SERVICES
H0015	ALCOHOL AND/OR DRUG SERVICES
H0019	ALCOHOL AND/OR DRUG SERVICES
H0020	ALCOHOL AND/OR DRUG SERVICES
H0031	MH HEALTH ASSESS BY NON-MD

Procedure Codes Exclusive to Behavioral Health	
Procedure Code	**Description**
H0032	MH SVC PLAN DEV BY NON-MD
H0035	MH PARTIAL HOSP TX UNDER 24H
H0038	PEER SUPPORT SERVICES
H0040	ASSERT COMM TX PGM PER DIEM
H0043	SUPPORTED HOUSING, PER DIEM
H0045	RESPITE NOT-IN-HOME PER DIEM
H0046	MENTAL HEALTH SERVICE, NOS
H2011	CRISIS INTERVEN SVC, 15 MIN
H2012	BEHAV HLTH DAY TREAT, PER HR
H2015	COMP COMM SUPP SVC, 15 MIN
H2016	COMP COMM SUPP SVC, PER DIEM
H2017	PSYSOC REHAB SVC, PER 15 MIN
H2020	THER BEHAV SVC, PER DIEM
H2022	COM WRAP-AROUND SV, PER DIEM
H2023	SUPPORTED EMPLOY, PER 15 MIN
H2025	SUPP MAINT EMPLOY, 15 MIN
H2033	MULTISYS THER/JUVENILE 15MIN
H2034	A/D HALFWAY HOUSE, PER DIEM
H2035	A/D TX PROGRAM, PER HOUR
S5102	CRISIS INTERVENTION PER HOUR
S5110	CRISIS INTERVEN WAIVER/DIEM
S5111	HOME CARE TRAINING, FAMILY: PER SESSIO
S5125	ATTENDANT CARE SERVICES; PER 15 MINUTES
S5145	FOSTER CARE, THERAPEUTIC, CHILD; PER DIEM
S5150	UNSKILLED RESPITE CARE, NOT HOSPICE: PER 15 MINUTES
S5165	HOME MODIFICATIONS: PER SERVICE
S9484	CRISIS INTERVENTION MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES, PER HOUR
S9485	CRISIS INTERVENTION MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES, PER DIEM
T1005	RESPITE CARE SERVICES, UP TO 15 MINUTES
T2012	HABIL ED WAIVER, PER DIEM
T2013	HABILITATION, EDUCATIONAL, WAIVER; PER HOUR
T2014	HABILITATION, PREVOCATIONAL, WAIVER: PER DIEM
T2016	ALTERNATIVE SERV. BHUC
T2020	DAY HABILITATION, WAIVER: PER DIEM
T2021	DAY HABILITATION, WAIVER: PER 15 MINUTES
T2027	SPECIALIZED CHILDCARE, WAIVER; PER 15 MINUTES
T2029	SPECIALIZED MEDICAL EQUIPMENT, NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, WAIVER
T2033	RESIDENTIAL CARE, NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED (NOS), WAIVER: PER DIEM
T2034	CRISIS INTERVENTION, WAIVER; PER DIEM

Procedure Codes Exclusive to Behavioral Health	
Procedure Code	**Description**
T2038	COMMUNITY TRANSITION, WAIVER: PER SERVICE
T2039	VEHICLE MOD WAIVER/SERVICE
T2041	SUPPORTS BROKERAGE, SELF-DIRECTED, WAIVER: PER 15 MINUTES

Revenue Codes Exclusive to Behavioral Health

Revenue Codes Exclusive to Behavioral Health	
Revenue Code	**Description**
114	0114 Room and Board/Private Psychiatric
116	0116 Room and Board/Private Detoxification
124	0124 Room & Board /Semi-private Two Bed/Psychiatric
126	0126 Room & Board/Semi-private Two Bed/Detoxification
134	0134 Semi-Private/ Three and Four Bed/Psychiatric
136	0136 Semi-Private /Three and Four Bed/Detoxification
144	0144 Private (Deluxe)/Psychiatric
146	0146 Private (Deluxe)/Detoxification
154	0154 Room & Board Ward/Psychiatric
156	0156 Room & Board Ward/Detoxification
204	0204 Intensive Care/Psychiatric
919	0919 PRTF Crisis Assessment Program
900	0900 General - Psych Treatment
901	901 - Psychiatric/Psychological Trt: Electroshock treatment
902	902 - Psychiatric/Psychological Trt: Milieu therapy
903	0903 Play therapy
904	0904 Activity therapy
905	905 - Psychiatric/Psychological Trt: Intensive Outpatient serv-psyc
906	906 - Psychiatric/Psychological Trt: Intensive out serv - chem dep
907	0907 Community behavioral health program (day treatment)
908	0908 Reserved for national use
909	0909 Reserved for national use
910	0910 Reserved for national use
912	912 - Psychiatric/Psychological Svcs: Partial Hosp - less intensive
913	0913 Partial hospitalization-Intensive
914	914 - Psychiatric/Psychological Svcs: Individual therapy
915	915 - Psychiatric/Psychological Svcs: Group therapy
916	916 - Psychiatric/Psychological Svcs: Family therapy
917	0917 Biofeedback
918	918 - Psychiatric/Psychological Svcs: Testing

Revenue Codes Exclusive to Behavioral Health	
Revenue Code	**Description**
911	RC911 - PRTF

Revenue Codes with Behavioral Health Primary Diagnosis

Revenue Codes with Behavioral Health Primary Diagnosis	
Revenue Code	**Description**
100	100 HI - ICF/MR Hospital Admission & General Hospital
101	0101 All-inclusive room and board
101	0101 HT-Holly Hill IMD
110	0110 General
111	0111 Medical/surgical/GYN
112	0112 Obstetrics (OB)
113	0113 Pediatric
115	0115 Hospice
117	0117 Oncology
118	0118 Rehabilitation
119	0119 Other
120	0120 General
121	0121 Medical/surgical/GYN
122	0122 OB
123	0123 Pediatric
125	0125 Hospice
127	0127 Oncology
128	0128 Rehabilitation
129	0129 Other
130	0130 General
131	0131 Medical/surgical/GYN
132	0132 OB
133	0133 Pediatric
135	0135 Hospice
137	0137 Oncology
138	0138 Rehabilitation
139	0139 Other
140	0140 General
141	0141 Medical/surgical/GYN
142	0142 OB
143	0143 Pediatric
145	0145 Hospice

Revenue Codes with Behavioral Health Primary Diagnosis	
Revenue Code	**Description**
147	0147 Oncology
148	0148 Rehabilitation
149	0149 Other
150	0150 General
151	0151 Medical/surgical/GYN
152	0152 OB
153	0153 Pediatric
155	0155 Hospice
157	0157 Oncology
158	0158 Rehabilitation
159	0159 Other
160	0160 IMD Inpatient Hospital
164	0164 Sterile environment
167	0167 Self-care
169	0169 Other
170	0170 General
171	0171 Newborn-Level I
172	0172 Newborn-Level II
173	0173 Newborn-Level III
174	0174 Newborn-Level IV
179	0179 Other
180	0180 General LOA
181	0181 Reserved
182	0182 Patient convenience-Charges billable
183	0183 - THERAPEUTIC LEAVE
183	0183 - Therapeutic Leave - Residential Not State
184	0184 Reserved
185	0185 Hospitalization
189	0189 Other LOA
190	0190 General
191	0191 Sub acute care-Level I (skilled care)
192	0192 Sub acute care-Level II (comprehensive care)
193	0193 Sub acute care-Level III (complex care)
194	0194 Sub acute care-Level IV (intensive care)
199	0199 Other sub acute care
200	0200 General
201	0201 Surgical

Revenue Codes with Behavioral Health Primary Diagnosis	
Revenue Code	**Description**
202	0202 Medical
203	0203 Pediatric
206	0206 Intermediate intensive care unit (ICU)
207	0207 Burn care
208	0208 Trauma
209	0209 Other intensive care
210	0210 General
211	0211 Myocardial infarction
212	0212 Pulmonary care
213	0213 Heart transplant
214	0214 Intermediate coronary care unit (CCU)
219	0219 Other coronary care
656	0656 General inpatient care (nonrespite)
656	0219 Other coronary care

Procedure Codes Shared by Physical and Behavioral Health

Procedure Codes Shared by Physical and Behavioral Health	
Code	**Description**
90865	NARCOSYNTHESIS
90870	ELECTROCONVULSIVE THERAPY
96105	ASSESSMENT OF APHASIA
96110	**DEVELOPMENTAL SCREEN W/SCORE**
96112	DEVEL TST PHYS/QHP 1ST HR
96113	DEVEL TST PHYS/QHP EA ADDL
96121	NUBHVL XM PHY/QHP EA ADDL HR
96127	BRIEF EMOTIONAL/BEHAV ASSMT
96146	PSYCL/NRPSYC TST AUTO RESULT
96372	THER/PROPH/DIAG INJ SC/IM
97129	THER IVNTJ 1ST 15 MIN
97151	BHV ID ASSMT BY PHYS/QHP

Procedure Codes Shared by Physical and Behavioral Health	
Code	**Description**
97155	ADAPT BEHAVIOR TX PHYS/QHP
97156	FAM ADAPT BHV TX GDN PHY/QHP
99202	OFFICE O/P NEW SF 15-29 MIN
99203	OFFICE O/P NEW LOW 30-44 MIN
99204	OFFICE O/P NEW MOD 45-59 MIN
99205	OFFICE O/P NEW HI 60-74 MIN
99211	OFF/OP EST MAY X REQ PHY/QHP
99212	OFFICE O/P EST SF 10-19 MIN
99213	OFFICE O/P EST LOW 20-29 MIN
99214	OFFICE O/P EST MOD 30-39 MIN
99215	OFFICE O/P EST HI 40-54 MIN
99221	1ST HOSP IP/OBS SF/LOW 40
99222	1ST HOSP IP/OBS MODERATE 55
99223	1ST HOSP IP/OBS HIGH 75
99231	SBSQ HOSP IP/OBS SF/LOW 25
99232	SBSQ HOSP IP/OBS MODERATE 35
99233	SBSQ HOSP IP/OBS HIGH 50
99234	HOSP IP/OBS SM DT SF/LOW 45
99235	HOSP IP/OBS SAME DATE MOD 70
99236	HOSP IP/OBS SAME DATE HI 85
99238	HOSP IP/OBS DSCHRG MGMT 30/<
99239	HOSP IP/OBS DSCHRG MGMT >30
99242	OFF/OP CONSLTJ NEW/EST SF 20
99243	OFF/OP CNSLTJ NEW/EST LOW 30
99244	OFF/OP CNSLTJ NEW/EST MOD 40

Behavioral Health Provider Taxonomy Codes

Behavioral Health Provider Taxonomy Codes			
Category	**Classification**	**Specialization**	**Code**
Behavioral Health and Social Service Providers (begins with 10)	Counselor	Addiction (Substance Use Disorder)	101YA0400X
Behavioral Health and Social Service Providers (begins with 10)	Counselor	Mental Health	101YM0800X
Behavioral Health and Social Service Providers (begins with 10)	Behavior Analyst		103K00000X
Behavioral Health and Social Service Providers (begins with 10)	Psychologist		103T00000X

Behavioral Health and Social Service Providers (begins with 10)	Social Worker	Clinical	1041C0700X
Behavioral Health and Social Service Providers (begins with 10)	Marriage and Family Therapist		106H00000X
ALLOPATHIC & OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS	Psychiatry & Neurology	Addiction Medicine	2084A0401X
ALLOPATHIC & OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS	Psychiatry & Neurology	Diagnostic Neuroimaging	2084D0003X
ALLOPATHIC & OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS	Psychiatry & Neurology	Forensic Psychiatry	2084F0202X
ALLOPATHIC & OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS	Psychiatry & Neurology	Neuromuscular Medicine	2084N0008X
ALLOPATHIC & OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS	Psychiatry & Neurology	Neurology	2084N0400X
ALLOPATHIC & OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS	Psychiatry & Neurology	Neurology with Special Qualifications in Child Neurology	2084N0402X
ALLOPATHIC & OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS	Psychiatry & Neurology	Clinical Neurophysiology	2084N0600X
ALLOPATHIC & OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS	Psychiatry & Neurology	Neurodevelopmental Disabilities	2084P0005X
ALLOPATHIC & OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS (begins with 20)	Pediatrics	Developmental – Behavioral Pediatrics	2080P0006X
ALLOPATHIC & OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS	Psychiatry & Neurology	Psychosomatic Medicine	2084P0015X
ALLOPATHIC & OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS	Psychiatry & Neurology	Psychiatry	2084P0800X
ALLOPATHIC & OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS	Psychiatry & Neurology	Addiction Psychiatry	2084P0802X
ALLOPATHIC & OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS	Psychiatry & Neurology	Child & Adolescent Psychiatry	2084P0804X
ALLOPATHIC & OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS	Psychiatry & Neurology	Geriatric Psychiatry	2084P0805X
ALLOPATHIC & OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS	Psychiatry & Neurology	Sleep Medicine	2084S0012X
ALLOPATHIC & OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS	Psychiatry & Neurology	Vascular Neurology	2084V0102X
Agencies (begins with 25)	Day Training; Developmentally Disabled Services		251C00000X
Agencies (begins with 25)	Community/ Behavioral Health		251S00000X
Ambulatory Health Care Facilities (begins with 26)	Clinic/Center	Developmental Disabilities	261QD1600X
Ambulatory Health Care Facilities (begins with 26)	Clinic/Center	Rehabilitation; Substance Use Disorder	261QR0405X
Hospital Unit (begins with 27)	Psychiatric Unit		273R00000X
Hospital (begins with 28)	Psychiatric Hospital		283Q00000X

Nursing & Custodial Care Facilities	Intermediate Care Facility, Intellectual Disabilities		315P00000X
Residential Treatment Facility (begins with 32)	Community-based Residential Treatment Facility, Mental Illness		320800000X
Residential Treatment Facility (begins with 32)	Psychiatric Residential Treatment Facility		323P00000X
Residential Treatment Facility (begins with 32)	Substance Abuse Disorder Rehabilitation Facility		324500000X
PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS & ADVANCED PRACTICE NURSING PROVIDERS (begins with 36)	Nurse Practitioner	Psychiatric/Mental Health	363LP0808X
PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS & ADVANCED PRACTICE NURSING PROVIDERS (begins with 36)	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Psychiatric/ Mental Health; child & adolescent	364SP0807X
PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS & ADVANCED PRACTICE NURSING PROVIDERS (begins with 36)	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Psychiatric/ Mental Health	364SP0808X
PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS & ADVANCED PRACTICE NURSING PROVIDERS (begins with 36)	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Psychiatric/ Mental Health; adult	364SP0809X
PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS & ADVANCED PRACTICE NURSING PROVIDERS (begins with 36)	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Psychiatric/ Mental Health; child & family	364SP0810X
PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS & ADVANCED PRACTICE NURSING PROVIDERS (begins with 36)	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Psychiatric/ Mental Health; chronically ill	364SP0811X
PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS & ADVANCED PRACTICE NURSING PROVIDERS (begins with 36)	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Psychiatric/ Mental Health; community	364SP0812X
PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS & ADVANCED PRACTICE NURSING PROVIDERS (begins with 36)	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Psychiatric/ Mental Health; geropsychiatric	364SP0813X

3.49 Personal Care Services (PCS) Reimbursement Methodology

Effective 4/1/2025, the health plans shall reimburse members receiving Personal Care Services (PCS) according to the rate methodology for the daily per diem rate as described below:

- Only procedure code 99509 and modifiers SC, HC, HQ, HH, HI or TT are impacted.
- Providers will be reimbursed a daily rate based on the approved daily units, not the actual time spent delivering the service on a specific day.
- The PCS authorization period will contain the prior approval effective and end date.

3.50 Tailored Care Management (TCM)

3.50.1 General Guidance for Health Plans

The intent of the TCM Program is to provide whole-person care management for eligible NC Medicaid members through a single, designated care manager supported by a multidisciplinary care team. The guidance provided below is applicable for those NC Medicaid health plans that are contractually obligated to provide TCM to eligible members within their populations.

A. Health plans will assign eligible TCM Beneficiaries to certified TCM entities, (Advanced Medical Homes, (AMH+), Care Management Agencies (CMAs) for TCM services.
B. Health plans will submit adjudicated AMH+ and CMA claims for the first monthly TCM contact per member to NCTracks, along with all corresponding encounters to the State Encounters Processing System (EPS).
C. Health plans providing TCM services will submit TCM claims for the first monthly TCM qualifying contact per member to NCTracks, along with all corresponding encounters to the EPS.
D. Health plans, AMH+, and CMAs will receive payment based on the TCM blended rate. Care Management providers with members assigned and eligible for Innovations/TBI, and/or 1915i and/or enrolled in Healthy Opportunities will receive add-on payments.
E. All TCM interactions/contacts should be documented by the respective TCM entity performing the service(s). TCM Providers should submit that data to their respective health plans through the Patient Risk List (PRL).
F. Health plans should submit all TCM interactions/contacts for their eligible TCM population to the Department through the BCM051 operational report. Health plans should include their TCM contacts as well as providers' contact for their members.
G. Health plans should have processes to archive historical TCM claims data submitted to the State for Federal and/or State audit purposes. Health plans should reference their respective contracts for detailed information.
H. Health plans should identify a beneficiary's first TCM interaction of a given month based on the date of service.
I. Health plans should use the appropriate Plan ID when submitting TCM claims to NCTracks based on the contract type and population served. TCM Claims for members enrolled in a PIHP should be billed using the PIHP Plan ID. TCM Claims for members enrolled in a Tailored Plan (TP) should be billed using the TP Plan ID.
J. Health plans should not bill for or perform TCM services if a member is concurrently receiving a duplicative service or if a member is in a population excluded from TCM.

    a. Duplicative services include:
        i. Members receiving Assertive Community Treatment (ACT)
        ii. Members obtaining care management from the Department's Primary Care Case Management (PCCM) vendor (including members participating in Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians (EBCI) Tribal Option)
        iii. Members participating in the High-Fidelity Wraparound program as described in Section IV.G.7. Other Care Management Programs
        iv. Members obtaining Child Assertive Community Treatment (Child ACT)
        v. Members obtaining Critical Time Intervention
        vi. Members receiving services through Skilled Nursing Facilities (SNFs) for more than 90 calendar days
        vii. Members participating in Care Management for At-Risk Children; and
        viii. Members receiving any approved In Lieu Of Services (ILOS) that are deemed duplicative through the Department's ILOS approval process.

b. Excluded populations include:
    i. Members residing in Intermediate Care Facilities for Individuals for Intellectual Disabilities (ICF-IIDs)
    ii. Members receiving case management through the Community Alternatives Program for Children (CAP/C) and Community Alternatives Program for Disabled Adults (CAP/DA) programs

c. The Department will communicate any additional services or populations identified as duplicative to, or excluded from, TCM as appropriate.

3.50.2 Procedure Codes and Claims Submissions

A. Health plans and TCM Providers shall use the below procedure code and modifier combinations when submitting TCM Claims:
    a. T1017 HT – applies to all TCM service claims.
    b. T1017 HA – applies to TCM service claims with the Healthy Opportunities (HOP) Add-on
        i. The HOP Add-on can be billed monthly whenever TCM activities are rendered by Delegated Pilot Care Management Entities (AMH+/CMA) to HOP-enrolled members.
        ii. Members are considered HOP enrolled when they have a completed Pilot Eligibility Service Assessment (PESA) and have been referred to an HSO through NCCARE360 for at least one HOP service, either Provisional or non-Provisional. Note that completion of HOP enrollment tasks is a billable TCM activity.
        iii. HOP enrollment should be completed and/or confirmed through NCCARE360 prior to billing the HOP add-on. To verify HOP enrollment, care managers should complete the following steps in NCCARE360:
            1. Navigate to the member's Facesheet by utilizing the search bar or Clients tab
            2. From the Facesheet, click on the Profile tab and scroll to the Social Care Coverage section to verify the member has active Provisional or non-Provisional Social Care Coverage
        iv. Effective Nov. 1, 2024, the T1017 HA code can be billed on (1) a separate claim from the T1017 HT code or (2) on the same claim but separate claim lines with different Dates of Service, or (3) on the same claim but separate claim lines with the same Dates of Service as appropriate.
    c. T1017 HTCG – applies TCM service claims with the Innovations/TBI add-on.
        i. Health plans should receive the Innovations Add-On when the individual is given an Innovations slot. TCM claims with the innovations add-on will not be paid until a member is deemed eligible and the IN indicator added to the member's eligibility record. The service can be backdated if the service occurred after the initial Level of Care.
    d. T1017 U4 -- TCM service claims with the 1915i add-on
        i. T1017 U4 code must be billed on the same claim as the T1017 HT on separate claim lines

e. No further procedure code and modifier combinations are permitted for TCM. AMH+ and CMAs should work with contracted health plans for accurate claims submissions.

B. Additional Notes:
   a. Health plans should submit their NC Medicaid Direct ID as the billing and rendering provider for TCM claims.
   b. Health plans should submit the appropriate taxonomy for which they are enrolled with NC Medicaid.
   c. Health plans should submit the location where the service was rendered such as in a School, Home, Place of employment, etc. per Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) approved codes.
   d. All claims submissions require diagnosis codes for processing. TCM claims need to have at least one Medicaid Recognized diagnosis code to process. There shall be no edits specific to Diagnosis code for TCM claims other than verification of the presence of a Diagnosis code.
      i. Telehealth is not a valid billable service or Place of Service code if the service was performed in-person, but may be used for telephonic or video services.

Others

As defined in the Contract (Section V.C.1.Table 4: Required Clinical Coverage Policies), the health plan shall instruct providers to follow these policies as stated below. The health plans shall not modify these policies and should ensure publications aligned with the list below:

- 1E-7: Family Planning Services
- 1A-5: Child Medical Evaluation and Medical Team Conference for Child Maltreatment [included above in 3.3)
- 1A-23: Physician Fluoride Varnish Services
- 1A-36: Implantable Bone Conduction Hearing Aids (BAHA)
- 1A-39: Routine Costs in Clinical Trial Services for Life Threatening Conditions
- 13A: Cochlear and Auditory Brainstem Implant External Parts Replacement and Repair
- 13B: Soft Band and Implant

4 PROVIDER EDUCATION

4.1 Provider Training

The health plan shall include training for providers on these billing requirements in the Provider Training Plan as defined in Section V.D.3.c. of the Revised and Restated Health Plan Contract.

4.2 Inclusion in Provider Contract/Manual

The health plan shall develop, maintain, and distribute a Provider Manual that offers information and education to providers about the health plans and Medicaid Managed Care as defined in Section V.D.3.d. of the Revised and Restated Health Plan Contract.

5 VERSIONS

Version Number	Description of changes	Date
Version 9.0	Added section 3.5 Dental Ambulatory Surgical Center Services; Added FQHC/RHCs exemption from copayments (Section 3.7); Included a reference to the Health Choice Guidance (Section 3.8), Section 3.1: Abortion language changes, Section 10: Hysterectomy language changes, Section 16: Sterilizations language changes	6/22/2021
Version 10.0	Added the following sections: 3.17 - Revenue Code with Non-Covered Procedure Code; 3.20 - Taxonomy Claims Guidance	11/3/2021
Version 11.0	Added the following sections: 3.4 - Child Medical Evaluation and Medical Team Conference for Child Maltreatment (CMEP) 3.5.2 – Pricing Manual Rules 3.6 – Updated Dental ASC guidance 3.7 – Downcoding Emergency Department Visits; 3.8 – Emergency Department Copay; 3.12 – Labs 3.17 – Procedure Codes 3.18 – Revenue Codes 3.21.1 - Professional Claims Pricing	01/07/2022
Version 12.0	Added the following sections: 3.17.1 – Covered Procedure Codes 3.18.2 – Covered Revenue Codes Updated the following sections: 3.12 – Update guidance for Institutional Hospital Outpatient Claims 3.18 – Removed revenue code 063X from the list	01/27/2022

Version 13.0	Added the following sections: 3.9 HCPCS/NDC Crosswalk Guidance By Claim Type 3.13 Lab Test Codes 3.15.1 Newborn Clinical Information 3.18.1 Covered Procedure Codes 3.19.2 Covered Revenue Codes	03/11/2022
Version 14.0	Added the following section: 3.27 Other Insurance Updated the following sections: 3.6 Adjudicating Claims Based on Codes Submitted (formerly downcoding) 3.18.1 Covered Procedure Codes 3.19.2 Covered Revenue Codes	5/12/2022
Version 15.0	Added the following sections: 3.28 Electronic Attachments, 3.29 Transaction Fees, 3.30 Line Service Unit/NDC Fields on Claims and Encounters Updated the following sections: 3.7 Copayment Rules (formerly Emergency Department Copay), 3.7.2 Copayment Rules and Exemptions (formerly System Configuration), 3.18 Procedure Codes	6/03/2022
Version 16.0	Added the following sections: 3.12.2 Inpatient Hospital Billing 3.33 Psych/Rehab Reimbursement Guidelines 3.32 Tribal Payment Policy 3.31 Claims Guidance for Derived Service Location Updated the following sections: 3.1 Autism Screening 3.22 Taxonomy Claim Guidance 3.7.2 Copayment Rules and Exemptions	6/30/2022

Version 17.0	Added the following section: 3.34 High Dollar Review and Itemized Bills Guidance Updated the following section: 3.27 Other Insurance	7/7/2022
Version 18.0	Added the following section: 3.35 Independent Lab Reimbursement Updated the following sections: 3.30 Abortions, 3.3 Child Medical Evaluation and Medical Team Conference for Child Maltreatment (CMEP), and 3.18 Procedure Codes	7/28/2022
Version 19.0	Added the following sections: 3.5.1 Claims Submission for Hospital Dental Treatment, 3.36 Known System Issues, and 3.37 Payments for Non-Rate Floor Permanent Rates Updated the following sections: 3.2 Care Management Payments, 3.4.1 DME/POS Miscellaneous Codes, 3.4.2 DME/POS Manual Pricing Rules, 3.4.4 Multiple Procedure Code Reductions, 3.5 Dental Ambulatory Surgical Center Services, 3.7.2 Copayment Rules and Exemptions, 3.8.1 Core Services, 3.11 Hysterectomy, 3.12 Hospital Claims, 3.19.1 Revenue Codes and NDC Codes,	10/7/2022

	3.19.2 Covered Revenue Codes, 3.27 Other Insurance, 3.31 Claims Guidance for Derived Service Locations, and 3.33 Psych/Rehab Hospital Reimbursement Guidelines for Inpatient Hospital Claims	
Version 20.0	Added the Following Sections: 3.5.2 Billing for Anesthesia Services in an Ambulatory Surgical Center for Dental Surgeries, 3.25.1 Vaccines for Children, 3.36.1 Lesser of Payment Methodology, 3.37 Rate Floors, 3.38 Rate Differentials, 3.39 Telehealth Codes and Modifiers, and 3.40 Pended Claims Updated the following sections: 2 Medicaid Managed Care Billing Guidance, 3.4.2 DME/POS Manual Pricing Rules, 3.4.3 Unlisted CPT Codes, 3.5 Dental Operating Room Facility Time Billed by an Ambulatory Surgical Center (ASC), 3.6.1 Federal Guidance on Emergency Conditions, 3.9 HCPCS/NDC Crosswalk Guidance by Claim Type, 3.13 Lab Test Codes, 3.14 Medical Home Fees, 3.15 Newborns, 3.15.1 Newborn Clinical Information, 3.16 Pregnancy Global Bundle, 3.17 Pregnancy Management Program Payments, 3.18 Procedure Codes, 3.19.2 Covered Revenue Codes, 3.19.3 Institutional Hospital Outpatient	1/20/2023

	Claims, 3.19.4 Institutional Claims and Revenue Codes, 3.20 Sterilizations, 3.21 Skilled Nursing Facilities, 3.22.1 Professional Claims Pricing, 3.23 Tribal Payment Policy, 3.24 Value-Based Payments/Alternative Payment Models, 3.25 Well Child Visit, 3.26 340B Drugs, 3.27.2 Pay and Chase, 3.27.3 Program and Service Exceptions for TPL and Coordination of Benefits, Others, 4.1 Provider Training, 4.2 Inclusion in Provider Contract/Manual	
Version 21.0	Added the following sections: 3.41 Clean Claim Date Guidance, 3.42 DPU vs. Non-DPU Inpatient Stays with Both Behavioral Health and Physical Health Services, and 3.43 Inpatient Stays with Enrollment or Eligibility Changes Updated the following sections: 3.4.2 DME Manual Pricing Rules, 3.7.2 Copayment Rules and Exemptions, 3.32 Psych/Rehab Hospital Reimbursement Guidelines for Inpatient Hospital Claims, 3.27.2 Pay and Chase, 3.33 High Dollar Review and Itemized Bills Guidance, and 3.31 Claims Guidance for Provider Location Matching	4/27/2023

Version 22.0	Updated the following sections: 3.27.2 Pay and Chase	5/02/2023
Version 23.0	Added the following sections: 3.12.2 DRG Payment Methodology, 3.27.4 Third Party Liability (TPL) Bypass Rules, 3.31.2 Out of Network Provider Affiliation Guidance, and 3.44 Remittance Advice Guidance Updated the following sections: 3.7.1 Emergency Department Copay, 3.26 340B Drugs, and 3.33 High Dollar Review and Itemized Bills Guidance	8/4/2023
Version 24.0	Added the following sections: 3.21.1 Short Term Skilled Nursing Facilities,3.26.1 Long-Acting Reversible Contraception (LARCs), 3.42 Adjustments, and 3.46 Professional Dispensing Fee Updated the following sections: 3.18.1 Covered Procedure Codes, 3.7.2 Copayment Rules and Exemptions, 3.41 Clean Claim Guidance, 3.23 Tribal Payment Policy, 3.28 Electronic Attachments, and 3.43 DPU vs. Non-DPU Inpatient Stays with Both Behavioral Health and Physical Health Services	10/27/2023

Version 25.0	Added the following sections: 3.31.3 NPI Attending Provider Field for Prepaid Inpatient Health Plan (PIHP) ONLY, and 3.47 Endoscopy Codes and Pricing Updated the following sections: 3.5 Dental Operating Room Facility Services, 3.5.1 Claims Submission for Ambulatory Surgical Centers (ASC), 3.5.2 Claims Submission for Hospital Dental Treatment, 3.7.1 Emergency Department Copay, 3.7.2 Copayment Rules and Exemptions, 3.19.3 Institutional Hospital Outpatient Claims, 3.27.1 Explanation of Benefits (EOB), and 3.42 Adjustments	1/5/2024
Version 26.0	Added the following sections: 3.6.2 NCCI and MUE Edits, 3.8.2 FQHC/RHC Wrap Payments, and 3.12.3 High-Cost Gene Therapy Medications and Clinical Services Reimbursement Guidance Updated the following sections: 3.6.1 Federal Guidance on Emergency Conditions, 3.8.1 FQHC/RHC Core Service Payments, and 3.27.3 Program and Service Exemptions for TPL and Coordination of Benefits	4/5/2024

Version 27.0	Updates for PHP Billing Guide version 27 include the revision of the existing sections: 3.12 Hospital Claims, 3.27.4 Third Party Liability (TPL) Bypass Rules, 3.12.2 DRG Payment Methodology , 3.33 High Dollar Review and Itemized Bills Guidance, 3.6 Adjudicating Claims Based on Codes Submitted, 3.6.1 Federal Guidance on Emergency Conditions , 3.31.1 Provider Location Matching Guidance, 3.8.2 FQHC/RHC Wrap Payment, 3.40 Pended Claims, 3.5.1 Claims Submission for Ambulatory Surgical Centers (ASC) , 3.8.1 FQHC/RHC Core Service Payments	7/17/24
Version 28.0	Added the following sections: 3.48 Behavioral Health vs Physical Health Claims Guidance & 3.49 Personal Care Services (PCS) Reimbursement Methodology Updated the following sections: 3.7.2 Copayment Rules and Exemptions, 3.8.1 FQHC/RHC Wrap Payments, 3.8.1 FQHC/RHC Core Service Payments, 3.8.2 FQHC/RHC Wraparound (Wrap) Payments, 3.12.2 DRG Payment Methodology, 3.23 Tribal Payment Policy, 3.27.4 Third Party Liability Bypass Rules, 3.35 Known System Issues, 3.36 Payments for Non-Rate Floor Permanent Rates, 3.39 Telehealth Codes and Modifiers, 3.40 Pended Claims, 3.44 Inpatient Stays with Enrollment or Eligibility Changes, 3.45 Remittance Advice Guidance	11/22/24

Version 29.0	Added the following sections: 3.50 Tailored Care Management TCM Updated the following sections: 2. Medicaid Managed Care Billing Guidance, 3.8.1 FQHC/RHC Core Service Payments, 3.8.2 FQHC/RHC Wraparound (Wrap) Payments, 3.12.3 NC Select Drugs (including Cell & Gene Therapies) and Clinical Services Billing and Reimbursement Guidance, 3.25 Well Child Visit, 3.26 340B Drugs, 3.27.2 Pay and Chase, 3.36.1 Lesser of Payment Methodology, 3.49 Personal Care Services (PCS) Reimbursement Methodology	1/10/2025
Version 30.0	Added the following sections: 3.27.4 Third Party Liability Bypass Rules Updated the following sections: 3.5.1 Claims Submission for Ambulatory Surgical Centers (ASC), 3.6 Adjudicating Claims Based on Codes Submitted, 3.8.1 FQHC/RHC Core Service Payments, 3.8.2 FQHC/RHC Wraparound (Wrap) Payments, 3.12 Hospital Claims, 3.12.3 High Cost Drugs (NC Select Drug List), 3.12.4 Lower Level of Care, 3.16 Pregnancy Global Bundle, 3.19.4 Institutional Claims and Revenue Codes, 3.33 High Dollar Review and Itemized Bills Guidance, 3.40 Pended Claims, 3.48 Behavioral Health vs Physical Health Claims Guidance	4/29/25

Version 31.0	<u>Added the following sections:</u> No new sections added <u>Updated the following sections:</u> 3.12 Hospital Claims, 3.12.1 Inpatient Hospital Billing, 3.12.3 Clinical Services Billing and Reimbursement Guidance for NC Select Drugs (including Cell & Gene Therapies), 3.12.4 Lower Level of Care, 3.19.1 Revenue Codes and NDC Codes, 3.19.3 Institutional Hospital Outpatient Claims, 3.19.4 Institutional Claims and Revenue Codes, 3.21 Skilled Nursing Facilities, 3.22 Taxonomy Claims Guidance, 3.32 Psych/Rehab Hospital Reimbursement Guidelines for Inpatient Hospital Claims	6/18/25