

# STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

ROY COOPER GOVERNOR KODY H. KINSLEY Secretary

September 15, 2023

James Scott, Director Division of Program Operations Department of Health & Human Services Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services 601 East 12th Street Room 355 Kansas City, Missouri 64106

SUBJECT: State Plan Amendment Title XIX, Social Security Act Transmittal #2023-0021

Dear Mr. Scott:

Please find attached an amendment for North Carolina's State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act for the Medical Assistance Program.

This State Plan Change will allow Medicaid to will implement a new Prospective Payment System (PPS) Alternate Payment Methodology (APM) which will (a) establish a cost based PPS APM rate that is rebased triennially beginning with the 2021 cost report period and utilizing 113% of Medicaid allowable cost, (b) change the non-base year inflation factor from the Medicare Economic Index (MEI) to the greater of the FQHC Market Basket Index or CPI Medical Index, and (c) enable real time wrap payments from Managed Care entities to the RHC Providers. This revision is intended to support RHC's financial viability in the face of increased costs and to strengthen North Carolina's array of safety net medical care providers.

The proposed effective date of the SPA is July 01, 2023.

Your approval of this state plan amendment is requested. If you have any questions or concerns, please contact me or Betty J. Staton at (919) 538-3215.

Sincerely, DocuSigned by: Jay Iudlam

Jay Ludlam Deputy Secretary

Enclosures

Attachment 4.19-B Section 2, Page 2a

#### PAYMENTS FOR MEDICAL AND REMEDIAL CARE AND SERVICE

- (1) At the beginning of each clinic's fiscal year, subsequent to January 1, 2001, the rates shall be increased by the percentage increase in the Medicare Economic Index for primary care services and adjusted to take into account any increase (decrease) in the scope of services furnished during that fiscal year.
  - (A) A rate adjustment due to change in the scope of services must be supported by the preponderance of evidence by the provider.
  - (B) The Division of Health Benefits shall make rate adjustments due to change in the scope of services.
  - (C) The MEI rate adjustment shall take effect on the first day of the provider's fiscal year.
  - (D) Rates may also be adjusted to take into consideration reasonable changes in the industry's cost of service.
- (2) RHCs which are newly qualified after December 31, 2018, will have their interim rates established by reference to rates paid to other with similar scope of services and caseload, in the closest geographical proximity. Unique rates will be established for newly qualified RHCs according to subparagraph (3)(A) below. The unique rates in subsequent fiscal years shall be updated according to the same update methods reflected in subparagraph (2) above.
  - (A) The newly qualified RHCs' unique rate will be established based on the average cost per visit established by their first two full twelve month cost reporting periods.
  - (B) RHCs meeting the definition of newly qualified under subparagraph (3) which are in operation as RHCs prior to July 1, 2021 will have their unique rates established based on the cost per visit established by their first full twelve month cost reporting period.
- (4) If the Core Service Provider Number has a Change of Ownership, the new provider will be reimbursed under the PPS methodology established in subparagraph (3) above. The following situations typically constitute a change of ownership:
  - (1) Asset sale or transfer: The sale or transfer of title and property to another party (that party can be a related, affiliated, subsidiary entity or a non-related entity) and a new EIN is established; or

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- (2) Partnership: The removal, addition, or substitution of a partner (unless the partners expressly agree otherwise as permitted by applicable State law) and a new EIN is established; or
- (3) Corporation: The merger of a corporate entity that holds a Medicare contract into another corporate entity, or the consolidation of a corporate entity that holds a Medicare contract with one or more other corporations, resulting in a new corporate body and new EIN.
  - a. If one or more RHC, all subsidiaries of a larger RHC (a holding company), consolidate into a separate RHC (a new legal entity with a new EIN), and the former RHCs are fully dissolved, this constitutes a change in ownership for all consolidated RHCs and the PPS rate shall be established as defined in subparagraph 3 above.
  - b. If an RHC acquires an RHC or RHC and either of the acquired is dissolved, it shall absorb the EIN and rate of the acquiring RHC.

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#### PAYMENTS FOR MEDICAL AND REMEDIAL CARE AND SERVICE

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#### PAYMENTS FOR MEDICAL AND REMEDIAL CARE AND SERVICE

#### Alternative Payments

(5) Enhanced Reimbursement for Pregnancy Medical Home will be made to RHC providers as specified in Attachment 3.1-B, Page 7(a) and Attachment 3.1-F. The Pregnancy Medical Home will be paid these enhanced payments in additional to their regular reimbursement.

Two enhanced payments may be made to RHCs for services provided by a Pregnancy Medical Home. Upon completion of the high risk screening, an enhanced payment of \$50.00 will be made to the PMH. Upon completion of the recipient's post partum visit, an enhanced payment of \$150.00 will be made to the PMH provider. The PMH provider will receive a maximum of \$200 enhanced payments per recipient per pregnancy even if there are multiple births.

Additionally, the PMH provider receives an enhanced rate for a vaginal delivery by paying the same rate for the vaginal delivery as for an uncomplicated c-section. Only the physician rates for the delivery codes are enhanced. The enhanced rates were determined by applying a 13.2% increase to the NC Medicaid Physician Fee Schedule rate as established in Attachment 4.19-B Section 5, Page 1 of the State Plan.

Notwithstanding any other provision, if specified, these rates will be adjusted as shown on Attachment 4.19-B, Supplement 3, Page 1 of the State Plan.

#### PAYMENTS FOR MEDICAL AND REMEDIAL CARE AND SERVICE

#### Alternative Payments

- (6) RHC Alternate Payment Methodology (APM) Reimbursement.
  - (A) Effective for dates of service beginning July 1, 2023 and after, RHCs Reimbursed under this APM will receive a single APM per visit rate for all eligible encounters. Eligible encounters include the following:
    - 1. Core Services (T1015)
    - 2. Well Child Visits (99381EP-99385EP, 99391EP-99395EP)
  - (B) The APM per visit rate for each individual RHC will be determined triennially each July 1<sup>st</sup> based on the following methodology:
    - 1. For the first year of each triennial period:
      - a. Sum total of Medicaid allowable costs for covered services from the RHCs full fiscal year Medicaid cost report of the second prior calendar year (e.g., the provider's fiscal year end 2021 cost report shall serve as the basis for the APM rate beginning July 1, 2023). Medicaid allowable costs for purposes of calculating the APM rate shall exclude the following costs:
        - i. Pharmacy services;
        - ii. Physician-provided services at a hospital inpatient and outpatient location.
      - b. Divide Medicaid allowable cost by the total number of Medicaid face to face encounters (Core Service and Well Child (NC Health Check), and Dental visits) to determine a base year Medicaid cost per encounter.
      - c. Inflate the base year Medicaid cost per encounter amount from the prior step to July 1<sup>st</sup> of the current year by compounding the months between the end of the fiscal year for the RHC's cost report (as described in subparagraph (6)(B)1.a through July 1<sup>st</sup> of the current year. The inflationary factor shall be the greater of:
        - i. The Medicare FQHC Market Basket; or
        - ii. The Consumer Price Index (CPI) for medical care.
      - d. Multiply the Medicaid cost per encounter from the prior step by one and thirteen one hundredths (1.13).

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- 2. Annually on July 1<sup>st</sup> for the second and third years of each triennial period:
  - a. Adjust the previous year's APM rate to account for any increase (or decrease) in the scope of services in the RHCs full fiscal year Medicaid cost report of the second prior calendar year (e.g., APM rates beginning July 1, 2024 shall consider changes in scope of service from the provider's Medicaid cost report period ended in calendar year 2022); and
  - b. Inflate the amount by the greater of:
    - i. The Medicare FQHC Market Basket; or
    - ii. The CPI for medical care.
- 3. In the first year of all subsequent triennial periods, each RHC's APM rate shall be established based on the process described in subparagraph (6)(B)1. For the second and third year of all subsequent triennial periods, each RHC's APM rate shall be established based on the process described in subparagraph (6)(B)2.
- 4. RHC's that are newly qualified or fail to submit a cost report by the beginning of the triennial period will preliminarily receive a "like provider" APM rate established by reference to rates paid to other RHCs with a similar scope of services and caseload in the closest geographical proximity.
  - a. RHCs meeting these criteria will default to a like provider APM rate but will have the opportunity to elect the PPS rate described in subparagraph (1).
  - b. For RHCs that submit a full 12 month Medicaid cost report by March 1 of a year during the triennial period, the Division will calculate a center-specific APM rate to be applied on a prospective basis beginning with the start of the next state fiscal year.
  - c. RHCs that submit the required cost report during the triennial period will remain subject to the same triennial cycle as other RHCs in subsequent years (i.e., submitting a cost report in the middle of a triennial period does not start a unique triennial period for that RHC; the RHC would still be required to submit a subsequent cost report within the same timeframe as other RHCs prior to the start of the next statewide triennial period).

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- (C) Reimbursement processes
  - For the period of July 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023, RHCs shall continue to be reimbursed using the payment methodology in effect on June 30, 2023. At the conclusion of the July 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023 period, the Division shall make a lump sum payment to each RHC equal to the difference between what each RHC would have received under the APM rate (as calculated in subparagraph (6)(B)) for the same services and actual payments made during the July 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023 period.
  - 2. Beginning January 1, 2024, RHCs shall be reimbursed as follows:
    - a. For managed care enrollees, managed care organizations shall pay RHCs:
      - i. An interim rate of eighty-three dollars and thirty cents (\$83.30) for each encounter for Core Services (T1015) and an interim rate of the applicable Medicaid fee schedule rate for Well Child Visits (99381EP-99385EP, 99391EP-99395EP) upon initial claims adjudication.
      - Supplemental wraparound payments equal to the difference between the interim rate and the APM rate. Managed care organizations shall make supplemental wraparound payments upon initial claims adjudication. Calculations of the supplemental wraparound payments shall not include as offsets any payments made other than the interim rate.

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111.	Payments that will not count as offsets against the
	supplemental wraparound payment calculation include,
	the following:
	1. Medicaid Fee Schedule rates for pharmacy
	services, including applicable acquisition costs
	and dispensing fees;
	2. The applicable fee-for-service rate for
	physician-provided services furnished at a
	hospital inpatient and outpatient location;
	3. Shared savings, incentives or other bonus
	payments;
	4. Medical home fees;
	5. Care management fees; and
	6. Pregnancy Medical Home payments.
	7. Additional payment streams established by the
	Department or Prepaid Health Plans other than
	the interim rates described under 2(a)(i)
iv	The Division shall reimburse managed care
1	organizations monthly for costs associated with
	supplemental wraparound payments to RHCs (as
	described in subparagraph $(6)(C)(2)a.ii)$ .
b. For fee	-for-service enrollees, the Division shall pay RHCs:
i.	The APM rate for each encounter for Core Services
1.	(T1015) and Well Child Visits (99381EP-99385EP,
	99391EP-99395EP).
ii.	Medicaid Fee Schedule rates for pharmacy services,
11.	including applicable acquisition costs and dispensing
	fees. Pharmacy services shall be reimbursed separately
	from the APM rate.
iii.	The applicable fee-for-service rate for physician-
	provided services provided at a hospital inpatient and
	outpatient location. These services shall be reimbursed
	separately from the APM rate.
iv.	Medicaid Fee Schedule rates for dental services plus
1	quarterly supplemental wraparound payments up to the
	APM rate for each dental claim, up to a limit of one
	claim per day.
	1. The Division shall reimburse FQHCs/RHCs for
	dental claims on an interim basis at the
	applicable Medicaid Fee Schedule rate upon
	adjudication.
	adjudication.

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Approval Date:

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- 2. At the conclusion of each quarter, the Division shall calculate the difference between (1) total interim dental claim payments during the quarter and (2) the number of dental claim encounters (up to a maximum of one per day per enrollee) multiplied by the RHC's APM rate. If the total amount owed under the APM reimbursement is greater than total interim dental claim payments, the Division shall make a supplemental wraparound payment to the RHC for the amount. If the total amount owed under the APM reimbursement is less than or equal to total interim dental claim payments, no supplemental wraparound payments shall be made.
- v. Pregnancy Medical Home payments (as applicable).
- (D) To ensure providers receive no less under the APM reimbursement methodology than under PPS, the Division compares the amount owed under the provider's APM reimbursement to what the provider would have received under PPS reimbursement described in subparagraph(1).

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# PAYMENTS FOR MEDICAL AND REMEDIAL CARE AND SERVICE

#### Alternative Payments

- (7) Alternate Payment Methodology Election
  - (A) Established RHC Providers as of July 1, 2023 and which do not qualify as new RHC providers under subparagraph (3) shall have 30 days from approval of State Plan Amendment #23-0021 to elect to be reimbursed under PPS or the APM methodology described in subparagraph (6) and they shall remain with that election beginning July 1, 2023.
  - (B) New RHC providers under subparagraph (3) shall have 30 days from date of enrollment to elect to be reimbursed under PPS or the APM methodology described in subparagraph (6).
  - (C) New RHC providers under subparagraph (3) shall have 30 days from date of receipt of their unique provider rates to elect to be reimbursed under PPS or APM methodology described in subparagraph (6) and they shall remain with that election beginning with the date of that election.
  - (D) RHCs that do not make an election within the required timeframe will be defaulted to the APM methodology described in subparagraph (6). Such RHCs may elect to switch to the PPS methodology at any time.

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PAYMENTS FOR MEDICAL AND REMEDIAL CARE AND SERVICE

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N. No. <u>23-0021</u> Supersedes TN. No. <u>21-0017</u>

Approval Date:

Eff. Date 07/01/2023